

CORTRAITS OF DISTINCTION

FRANCIS WU'S STUDIO
GLOUCESTER ARCADE

CHINA MAIL

ESTABLISHED FOR OVER ONE HUNDRED YEARS

WINDSOR HOUSE

Price: 20 Cents.

No. 33640.

HONG KONG, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 16, 1947.

TYPEWRITERS

CALCULATING MACHINES
also Anything and Everything
for OFFICE MACHINES
Excellent Service

Hongkong Typewriter Exchange
8, D'Arquilla St. Tel. 21435

BATHING BEACH RECOMMENDATIONS

Termination Of Privately-Owned Matsheds Repulse, Stanley Pavilions

The termination of the system of allotments of sites for privately-owned matsheds on the Colony's principal bathing beaches, and the substitution of Government pavilions for changing and showers, is the most important of the recommendations of the Urban Council Committee, whose report was published yesterday.

One of the more remote beaches, it is recommended that private sites be allotted for a ten years tenure.

The Committee was appointed with the following terms of reference: To consider—

It was appointed on 12th November, 1946, under the Chairmanship of the Director of Public Works, the Honourable Mr. V. Kenniff, with the following membership: Mr. So Man Wah, Mr. Ngai Shing Kwun, Mr. R.C. Stirling and Mr. Mr. R.W.H. Maynard (Secretary).

The Committee was of the opinion that an essential consideration was the provision of swimming facilities near at hand for those members of the community least able to afford the expense of travelling to remote beaches.

Swimming Baths

Enquiry made of the Health Authorities elicited the information that swimming from the foreshore within the harbour limits is inadvisable. The Committee therefore put forward as their first recommendation that Government provide purified salt water swimming baths in the vicinity of North Point, Kennedy Town, Lai Chi Kok and Taiwan. If the demand is not met by this provision similar additional facilities near the harbour foreshore should later be provided. If this proposal is adopted a consequent amendment would be required to the list of bathing places in the first Schedule to the "Pleasure Grounds and Bathing Places Regulation Ordinance" No. 29 of 1936.

It was considered that association and clubs should be allowed to construct similar pools if the necessary land were available after public needs had been met.

Facilities should be made available for the public swimming pools to be reserved for school children during certain periods. Such times should be arranged to interfere as little as possible the use of the baths by the public.

Pavilions

The Committee then considered the question of bathing on the more popular beaches located on bus routes or otherwise easily accessible. It was decided to recommend that Government should construct public bathing pavilions on two main beaches on the Island and two in the New Territories, as follows:—

Hong Kong: Repulse Bay and Stanley Beaches.
New Territories: Cafeteria Beach and one other to be decided later after a survey—on a bus route or easily accessible.

It was recommended that these pavilions should provide changing rooms with facilities for safe storage of bathers' effects and with public showers. Cubicles which could be hired by the day by members of the public who preferred not to use the public rooms should also be included. To provide convenience for all it is recommended that these cubicles, for which the charges would vary, should provide the following scales of accommodation:—

(i)—cubicles provided with beds, table and chairs, with access to public showers;
(ii)—as in (i), but with the addition of a dressing room, with access to public showers;
(iii)—as in (ii), but with the addition of a separate shower.

It was considered the above scale of accommodation would be appropriate at Repulse Bay but that at other beaches it may be unnecessary to provide the full scale of accommodation under (i), (ii), and (iii). In view of the difficulty in deciding to what extent the public would avail themselves of the facilities it might become necessary later to extend these

pavilions, especially in the case of Repulse Bay. They should therefore be designed to permit extension, or space should be reserved for the construction of additional pavilions at a subsequent date.

Financing Of Undertakings

The Committee did not consider it was called upon under its terms of reference to recommend in detail how the cost of constructing these swimming baths and pavilions should be met but had in mind financing by a Municipal or Government Loan.

It is recommended that such facilities be provided on these four beaches. It is recommended that on each of these four beaches an area should be set aside to accommodate tents; that each area should be leased on annual terms to an approved tender, and that prices to be charged to the public for hire of indoor tents should be regulated.

Daily Hire

The Committee considered that only Government pavilions should be allowed on the four main beaches referred to above, and that no other sites thereon should be made available to the public for the erection of private "matsheds" or other similar structures. If, however, there should be a very strong demand on the part of the public for such facilities Government might consider the construction of Government owned huts to be let by the day. Such huts should however be constructed clear of the beaches which should at all times be available to the general public.

Seasonal Hire

The Committee advise that Government should investigate the possibility of building huts—or tiers of huts—in the rocky headlands at the extremities of beaches, or in other places where

(Continued on Page 9)

"Queen Elizabeth" Stuck In Mud

Southampton, Apr. 15. The world's largest liner, the 85,000 ton Queen Elizabeth, which ran aground outside Southampton Water yesterday, was still aground after high tide this morning. "Unless a miracle happens, the liner will not get off until the next high tide tonight," an official of the Southampton Harbour Board declared.

One of the tug masters who took his boat to the Queen Elizabeth when she ran aground on the shingles and mud of Hamble Bank at the turn into Southampton Water last night, said today: "She is there for three days. Until they empty her tanks, take off the passengers and get off the luggage, I don't believe we can move her. Most of her bow seems to be stuck in the sand bar and she is very tight."

At daybreak today a fleet of 12 tugs made an all-out effort to refloat her. Two pulled from the bows, four from alongside and six from the stern. Four times they took the immense strain with thick black smoke from their funnels—but without success.

Anxious Wait

Many of the 2,246 passengers from New York crowded in Queen Elizabeth's decks to watch the tugs at work. Passengers in little boats ploughing between Southampton and Cowes had a grand stand view. Cut off from telephone communication, the passengers on board and their friends, who

HOME FROM THE FAR EAST

Liverpool, Apr. 15. Two transients arrived at Liverpool today from the Far East, bringing the total number of service personnel arriving in the Mersey in 24 hours to 8,000.
The Queen of Bermuda brought 3,480 from Singapore, Rangoon, Calcutta, Bombay and Port Said, and the Vancouver brought more than 1,500 from Rangoon.
Yesterday, 3,000 troops arrived on board the George.—*Reuter.*

General "Doubles" For Chiang

Shanghai, Apr. 15. Indicating more vigorous security measures were taken to protect Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek due to the suspected presence of Communist terrorists, reliable sources disclosed today that the Generalissimo planned from the southern outskirts of Shanghai to reach Hong Kong by a double motorcade along police and trooped streets under armed escort to throw off the scent.

The Generalissimo and party moved to the Lungchow airfield, and boarded a private plane which headed northward across the crowded city, landing at Kiangwan airfield, and then moved to the Park for the review.

At the same time, a huge crowd lined the streets, and cheered a motor convoy in which Chiang's double—a lieutenant-general—rode to the Park.

This was the first time that the Generalissimo's security officials resorted to a "trick" to cover his movements. When making his first visit to Shanghai after V-J Day, Chiang toured openly and exposed himself to the cheering public.—*United Press.*

Minorities Agree To K.M.T. Plan

Nanking, Apr. 15. Clearing the way to completion of the long drawn-out reorganization of the State Council and Executive Yuan, the two minority parties—Democratic Socialists and Young China Party—and the Kuomintang today approved all twelve points of the agreement governing the reshuffle of the Government.

This agreement, which the minority groups had demanded as prerequisite to participation, will be signed tomorrow. It is reported that Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek himself will represent the Kuomintang at the signing ceremony while Mr. Tseng Chih will probably represent the Young China Party.

It is not yet known who will sign for the Democratic Socialists, whose head, Dr. Carson Chang, is scheduled to return to Shanghai tonight after a hectic day of party and inter-party conferences.

Under the agreement, the minorities are promised voice in local administrations, complete separation of civil and military office is provided, civil liberties guaranteed and abolition of such organizations as the secret police promised.

In addition, the Kuomintang agrees that the Executive Yuan is to be subordinated to the State Council and that the President's appointment of a new Premier must have the consent of all parties.

Final approval of the parties to the provisions of the agreement came after a series of conferences today, including one between Marshal Chiang Kai-shek and Kuomintang leaders.—*Reuter.*

Pleasure Cruises From Japan

Yokohama, Apr. 15. Pleasure cruises from Japan to China and the Philippines and return were inaugurated this week when the transport, General Gordon, left here on a 21-day voyage which will include stops at Shanghai and Manila.

The cruises, which are arranged by the United States Maritime Service, cost US\$210 (HK\$800).

Persons who were in the Orient before the war say this is cheaper than the pre-war rates.

Military and Government authorities will not need passports to enter the Philippines and will need only show-trip permits to enter China ports. The passengers, however, must travel on military orders.

Others trips are scheduled for May 4 and 21, June 14 and July 6. Fares include meals, lodging and linen.—*Associated Press.*

THE WEATHER

The anti-cyclone is moving slowly Eastward and now covers the Eastern Sea and areas south of Japan. A complex of low pressure has developed over China. Pressure is also low over Manchuria and south of the Philippines.

Today's Forecast—Light Easterly winds; weather fine with early morning haze.

Yesterday's Weather: Maximum 76.1 deg. Fah. Minimum 65.8 deg. Fah. Rainfall: 5.8 hours.

24-day Forecast—Light Easterly winds; weather fine with early morning haze. As against an average of 215.4 mm.

And Another

The steamer "Georgic" went aground early today near St. Catherine's Point in dense fog and radioed for immediate assistance.

Two sloops, the "Fleetwood" and the "Modeste" were dispatched from Portsmouth to her aid and the Bembridge, Isle of Wight, lifeboat also is standing by.—*United Press.*

SHIP HITS MINE OFF S'PORE

Singapore, Apr. 15. The Empire Passmore, 971-ton British steamship, struck a mine 30 miles from Singapore today.

Rescue ships from Singapore rushed to the Empire Passmore when an S.O.S. was received at Singapore by her agents. There was no news about her passengers.—*Reuter.*

Devon Private Killed

A serious motor accident, in which a private of the Devons was killed and four others are suffering from injuries, occurred in the New Territories on Monday morning.

The accident occurred when a military truck, in which the men were travelling from Fanling to Kowloon struck a rock in the road near Tai Po bridge, skidded over the embankment and fell 20 feet into the river.

One man, Private Bell, was killed instantaneously. Of the others in the truck, one is suffering from a fractured skull, one from a broken spine, one from serious injuries and one from slight cuts and abrasions.

The accident, which occurred at 8 a.m. on Monday, was not reported to the police till yesterday.

The Embassy said they were merely observing the military activities of the country as part of their assignment in pursuance of the normal functions of military attaches.

The Embassy statement said that after their capture on March 1 Chief of Staff Yeh Chen-yang gave categorical assurances on March 11 to the American Liaison group that orders had been issued to Gen. Lin Hsiang, Commander-in-Chief, to release Major Rigg and Capt. Collins. Radio communications were established with the Communists and facilities were arranged for the return of the men to Changchun.

The Embassy, the statement said, was waiting further communication from the Communists who have not yet complied with their commitment to release them.—*United Press.*

ON OTHER PAGES

Page Two Government House Investiture.
Page Five Innuoy on Treason Charge.
Page Ten Home and Local Sport.

Texas Company Lawyers Held By Students

Shanghai, Apr. 15. Two lawyers of the Texas Company (China) Limited were held up ten and a half hours on Monday by students of the National Ciating University in Shanghai after going there to discuss demands on the concern over the death of one of its students, allegedly killed by a Caltex truck on April 3.

Their release was secured last night after intervention by Mayor K.C. Wu, who advised the students to settle the matter by "peaceable negotiations."

The lawyers were James Voss, San Antonio, Texas, and his Chinese associate, Chow Kung-wel.

The students held the pair despite their protestations they were not executives of the oil company, but simply legal attorneys representing the concern.

Voss and Chow were seized when they arrived at the university by students who surrounded their car and punctured their tyres.

Wanted Hostage Voss subsequently was allowed to telephone to the American Consulate-General, which contacted the Chinese authorities. Meanwhile, executives of the company went to the university in an attempt to release the pair. The students first asked for the managing director as a "hostage" but when Mayor Wu intervened they withdrew their demand. The students presented numerous demands, including one for CN\$685,000, as "compensation."

Dalton's Budget

DEFICIT ONLY 500 MILLION

London, Apr. 15. The Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Hugh Dalton, rising in a crowded House of Commons to open his budget speech, announced that the deficit last year "was only £569,000,000 which was £157,000,000 less than anticipated."

"That is not a bad starting point for today's excursion," he added.

Receipts were almost exactly £1,184,000,000 in spite of the fact that £52,000,000 was lost on beer owing to the fact that there was less barley for brewing.

This loss of revenue on beer was almost exactly balanced by a series of balances on tobacco, entertainment, purchase tax and import duties.

Tobacco brought in £446,000,000, £21,000,000 more than was estimated.

Inland revenue showed a surplus of £91,000,000 and Income Tax a surplus of £46,000,000 over estimates.

Excess profits tax and profits tax brought in £358,000,000 and was £33,000,000 over estimate.

Death duties brought in £148,000,000, stamp duties £38,000,000, Purchase Tax £181,000,000, Entertainment £53,000,000 and Import Duties £29,000,000.

Revenue was indeed buoyant, said the Chancellor, "and we have nothing to regret on this statement of affairs."

Expenditure was £3,910,000,000 or £23,000,000 more than last April's estimate. Defence expenditure amounted to £1,653,000,000, a saving of £14,000,000 on the estimate.

"We have made history in the social services," he added, "including supplementary estimates, we have provided £441,000,000 for social services, £117,000,000 more than in 1946-47."

"For education we provided £139,000,000, £31,000,000 more than in the previous year; for training and resettlement £22,000,000, nine million more than in the previous year."

Housing subsidies were put at £27,000,000—ten millions more than estimated. Old age and widows' pensions took £166,000,000 or £14,000,000 more than estimated. First year's payment of family allowances took £33,000,000.

The Chancellor added: "Less pleasing to me are some of the other supplementary estimates. We provided £39,000,000 more for the control office in addition to the original estimate of £80,000,000 to feed and administer Germans in our zone."

"We spent £10,000,000 more than we had bargained for in Greece. All over the world food prices have gone on rising and we have had to provide a supplementary sum of 50 million for purchases by the Ministry of Food."

Estimated expenditure this year is £3,181,000,000—a reduction of £720,000,000 or 19 per cent of the actual expenditure last year.

(Continued on Page 10)

Call for PHILIP MORRIS



EOTT & CO LTD

Coming Events

April 16—Lawn Bowls Assn. general meeting, 5.45 p.m.
 April 18—Makeup demonstration and lecture by a specialist, Y.M.C.A., Kowloon, 5.30 p.m.
 April 18 and 19—K.C.C. Play: "A Woman's Eye View."
 April 19—H.K. Land Investment & Agency Ltd., shareholders' meeting, noon.
 April 21—H.K. Fire Ins. Co., Ltd., shareholders' meeting, noon.
 April 24—H.K. Fire Ins. Co., Ltd., shareholders' meeting, noon.
 April 26—Fifth "Extra" Race Meeting.
 April 26—K.C.C. Play: "A Woman's Eye View."
 April 28—"Star" Ferry Co., Ltd., annual meeting, noon.
 May 7—Dinner to Sir Mark and Lady Young, H.K. Hotel, 8 p.m.

ACID INDIGESTION?
 GET the Quick relief you want with the Alkalizer you need.

ALKA SELTZER

Are you ever bothered by your acid and upset stomach? Would that ache all over feeling? This may be from overeating, overdrinking, worry and nervousness, or from too much water. Suggest—think the time for you to remember Alka Seltzer!

Double-Acting Relief
 Alka-Seltzer almost immediately relieves pain and discomfort due to acid and indigestion. Moreover, it helps correct the excess stomach acidity that causes so much of the trouble. Thus, you benefit by this two-way action.

Over 25,000,000 people have tried and proved Alka-Seltzer. Not a medicine, but a modern formula based on proven medical principles, fast-acting and without a trace of water. Watch it fizz and dissolve. Drink it—note its pleasant tangy taste. It can make you feel better almost immediately. Try Alka-Seltzer today!

Back again—as good as ever—

Colman's Mustard

Colman's Mustard is a simple solution to the fuel problem. An invaluable asset to every household. Ideal for all kinds of cooking. Economical—Safe—Lasting. Absolutely reliable. Obtainable at most leading stores. Representation invited for all countries.

Office Address:—607 China Bldg.
 TELS:—23281, 21693

DIAWARD STEEL WORKS

Back again—as good as ever—

Colman's Mustard

Colman's Mustard is a simple solution to the fuel problem. An invaluable asset to every household. Ideal for all kinds of cooking. Economical—Safe—Lasting. Absolutely reliable. Obtainable at most leading stores. Representation invited for all countries.

Office Address:—607 China Bldg.
 TELS:—23281, 21693

DIAWARD STEEL WORKS

DIAWARD

KEROSENE STOVE

A SIMPLE SOLUTION TO THE FUEL PROBLEM. AN INVALUABLE ASSET TO EVERY HOUSEHOLD. IDEAL FOR ALL KINDS OF COOKING. ECONOMICAL—SAFE—LASTING. ABSOLUTELY RELIABLE. OBTAINABLE AT MOST LEADING STORES. REPRESENTATION INVITED FOR ALL COUNTRIES.

Office Address:—607 China Bldg.
 TELS:—23281, 21693

DIAWARD STEEL WORKS

TRIBUTE TO WAR HEROES

Government House Investiture

The Colony yesterday paid tribute to the heroes of World War II who worked behind the lines right under the eyes of the Japanese, and also to its public servants for meritorious services to the Crown.

The occasion was an investiture at Government House which was held at 12 noon, when His Excellency the Governor presented to recipients the awards conferred by the King for gallantry, loyalty, devotion and outstanding services.

A large gathering of the indigenous population of the Colony was present as recipients of Imperial recognition. They were the villagers of the New Territories and boat-people who, at great risk to themselves, helped Allied prisoners and internees to escape into Free China during the occupation. Some paid the supreme sacrifice, and were represented by their next-of-kin.

The Colony's distinguished public servants to receive recognition were the Colonial Secretary, Hon. Mr. D. M. MacDougall, and the Director of Medical Services, Hon. Dr. P. S. Selwyn-Clarke, both of whom were awarded the C.M.G.

Hon. Mr. D. M. MacDougall

Mr. MacDougall, who was supported by Sir Robert Kotewall, C.M.G., L.D., and the Hon. Mr. C.G.S. Follows, C.M.G., was addressed by His Excellency in these words:

"Mr. MacDougall, I have in command from His Majesty the King to present to you the insignia of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire.

"This Honour has been conferred on you in recognition, firstly, of the arduous and valuable preparatory work which you performed prior to the conclusion of the war as a leading member of the Hong Kong Planning Unit in London and secondly, of the distinguished and eminently successful work which you accomplished during the Military Administration as Chief Civil Affairs Officer. Your subsequent promotion to be Colonial Secretary of this Colony has given the greatest satisfaction to all. I congratulate you very cordially on this well merited award."

Hon. Dr. P. S. Selwyn-Clarke

Addressing Dr. Selwyn-Clarke, who was supported by Mr. Follows and Mr. MacDougall, His Excellency said:

"Dr. Selwyn-Clarke, I have in command from His Majesty the King to present to you the insignia of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire.

"I warmly congratulate you on this Honour, conferred by His Majesty in recognition both of your most capable administration of Hong Kong prior to the Pacific War and during hostilities, and also of the invaluable services which you performed with outstanding courage and unselfish devotion to the welfare of your fellow

prisoners during the occupation of Hong Kong by the enemy."

Lady Ho Tung

Governor: I have in command from His Majesty the King to present to you the insignia of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire.

"The fact that some of the insignia for Honours conferred at that time and that all subsequently awarded insignia are not as yet available deprives me of the pleasure and the privilege of making presentations in a large number of cases in which I should have most warmly welcomed the opportunity of doing so and of expressing publicly my congratulations to a number of persons who distinguished themselves by conspicuously gallant conduct and meritorious services in the times of trial through which Hong Kong has passed. But although I cannot make the presentations, I need not deprive myself of the pleasure of publicly uttering my congratulations, and I propose before doing so to read out the list of awards made by His Majesty the King for services rendered in Hong Kong, in respect of which the insignia will be presented hereafter either here by my successor or in some cases elsewhere."

Mr. A. W. Brown

Governor: I have in command from His Majesty the King to present to you the insignia of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire.

"The admirable manner in which you devoted your services to the help of your fellow prisoners in Stanley Internment Camp was brought to notice immediately after the conclusion of the war and has earned for you this award, on which I heartily congratulate you."

Mr. H. A. Angus

Governor: I am commanded by His Majesty the King to present to you the insignia of a Member of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire. You too earned high praise for your conduct and devotion to duty in Stanley Internment Camp. I congratulate you warmly on this award."

Mr. C. S. Barron

Governor: Mr. Barron—You were appointed a Member of the Military Division of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire in October 1945 in recognition of your gallant and distinguished services in North West Europe. I am now commanded by His Majesty the King to present to you the insignia appropriate to this award and in doing so I congratulate you very warmly."

Mr. Ma Ba Sun

Governor: On behalf of His Majesty the King I present to you, Mr. Ma Ba Sun, this decoration—the British Empire Medal. It was awarded to you in recognition of your loyal and devoted conduct during the period of the enemy occupation of Hong Kong, when you, like many others who had been in domestic service, ran the greatest risks and performed services of incalculable value in aiding those who had been interned by the enemy."

Mr. Kitchel

Governor: It gives me much pleasure, Mr. Kitchel, to present to you this Certificate which is signed by the Prime Minister and which states that, by the King's Order your name was placed on record on 20th August, 1946, as commended for brave conduct and that Mr. Atlee was charged to express His Majesty's high appreciation

NOMA APPEALS TO MAC A

The "China Mail" has been informed that Colonel Nomura Katsunaka, who was head of the Government in Hong Kong for a greater part of the Occupation and who was, on Feb. 24, sentenced by No. 7 War Criminal Court to death by hanging, has submitted a Petition to General MacArthur asking for clemency.

of the service rendered. I congratulate you very warmly on this award.

Governor's Speech

Ladies and Gentlemen: Before I proceed to the next part of this ceremony I wish to say something on the subject of the Honours which His Majesty has been pleased to confer for services rendered in Hong Kong before, during and since the war, and in respect of which the insignia have not yet been received for presentation.

It has been usual in the past for insignia to become available for presentation shortly after the announcement of the awards. Owing to circumstances arising from war conditions this is not now possible and it will have been noticed that the insignia which I have had the privilege of presenting today were in respect of Honours which had been awarded as long ago as the New Year 1946.

The fact that some of the insignia for Honours conferred at that time and that all subsequently awarded insignia are not as yet available deprives me of the pleasure and the privilege of making presentations in a large number of cases in which I should have most warmly welcomed the opportunity of doing so and of expressing publicly my congratulations to a number of persons who distinguished themselves by conspicuously gallant conduct and meritorious services in the times of trial through which Hong Kong has passed. But although I cannot make the presentations, I need not deprive myself of the pleasure of publicly uttering my congratulations, and I propose before doing so to read out the list of awards made by His Majesty the King for services rendered in Hong Kong, in respect of which the insignia will be presented hereafter either here by my successor or in some cases elsewhere."

Mr. W. J. Anderson

Governor: It gives me great pleasure, Mr. Anderson, to present to you the insignia of an Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire.

The decoration was awarded to you by His Majesty the King in consequence of the most able and valuable services which you rendered before the Japanese war and during hostilities as Controller of Stores and as Director of Auxiliary Ordnance Services. Your duties were carried out under most difficult conditions with marked efficiency and success. I congratulate you."

Mr. A. W. Brown

Governor: I have in command from His Majesty the King to present to you the insignia of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire.

"The admirable manner in which you devoted your services to the help of your fellow prisoners in Stanley Internment Camp was brought to notice immediately after the conclusion of the war and has earned for you this award, on which I heartily congratulate you."

Mr. H. A. Angus

Governor: I am commanded by His Majesty the King to present to you the insignia of a Member of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire. You too earned high praise for your conduct and devotion to duty in Stanley Internment Camp. I congratulate you warmly on this award."

Mr. C. S. Barron

Governor: Mr. Barron—You were appointed a Member of the Military Division of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire in October 1945 in recognition of your gallant and distinguished services in North West Europe. I am now commanded by His Majesty the King to present to you the insignia appropriate to this award and in doing so I congratulate you very warmly."

Mr. Ma Ba Sun

Governor: On behalf of His Majesty the King I present to you, Mr. Ma Ba Sun, this decoration—the British Empire Medal. It was awarded to you in recognition of your loyal and devoted conduct during the period of the enemy occupation of Hong Kong, when you, like many others who had been in domestic service, ran the greatest risks and performed services of incalculable value in aiding those who had been interned by the enemy."

Mr. Kitchel

Governor: It gives me much pleasure, Mr. Kitchel, to present to you this Certificate which is signed by the Prime Minister and which states that, by the King's Order your name was placed on record on 20th August, 1946, as commended for brave conduct and that Mr. Atlee was charged to express His Majesty's high appreciation

Mr. W. J. Anderson

Governor: It gives me great pleasure, Mr. Anderson, to present to you the insignia of an Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire.

The decoration was awarded to you by His Majesty the King in consequence of the most able and valuable services which you rendered before the Japanese war and during hostilities as Controller of Stores and as Director of Auxiliary Ordnance Services. Your duties were carried out under most difficult conditions with marked efficiency and success. I congratulate you."

Mr. A. W. Brown

Governor: I have in command from His Majesty the King to present to you the insignia of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire.

Mr. H. A. Angus

Governor: I am commanded by His Majesty the King to present to you the insignia of a Member of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire. You too earned high praise for your conduct and devotion to duty in Stanley Internment Camp. I congratulate you warmly on this award."

Mr. C. S. Barron

Governor: Mr. Barron—You were appointed a Member of the Military Division of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire in October 1945 in recognition of your gallant and distinguished services in North West Europe. I am now commanded by His Majesty the King to present to you the insignia appropriate to this award and in doing so I congratulate you very warmly."

Mr. Ma Ba Sun

Governor: On behalf of His Majesty the King I present to you, Mr. Ma Ba Sun, this decoration—the British Empire Medal. It was awarded to you in recognition of your loyal and devoted conduct during the period of the enemy occupation of Hong Kong, when you, like many others who had been in domestic service, ran the greatest risks and performed services of incalculable value in aiding those who had been interned by the enemy."

Mr. Kitchel

Governor: It gives me much pleasure, Mr. Kitchel, to present to you this Certificate which is signed by the Prime Minister and which states that, by the King's Order your name was placed on record on 20th August, 1946, as commended for brave conduct and that Mr. Atlee was charged to express His Majesty's high appreciation

Kesosene Cargo Confiscated

When the agents for the trading junk "Kam Tak Lee" included 150 tons of kerosene in the junk's manifest some days ago they were informed by the Harbour Department that, as the vessel had insufficient fire-fighting appliances, that item had to be excluded from the junk's cargo.

They later wrote to the Harbour Authorities requesting the kerosene be deleted from the manifest. In spite of this, the 150 tons were found on board when the junk was intercepted by a Police launch, under S/I Schirjetky, as it was sailing past Lyceum at 6.10 p.m. on April 13.

A check of the vessel's manifest further revealed that four bags of beche-de-mer, six boxes of gloves, 100 rolls of white paper, and 48 cartons of "Camel" cigarettes, had been omitted.

When Wong Hang-yun, 35, master of the junk, appeared before Mr. Blair-Kerr, P.M., yesterday on a charge of attempting to export the items listed, Police Prosecutor Askey informed His Worship that, with the exception of the kerosene, an export permit could easily have been obtained for the other merchandise.

Applying for the confiscation of the kerosene to the Import and Export Department, S/I Askey declared that the defendant was well aware of the fact that he would be forbidden to carry them on his boat.

Declaring that the confiscation of the 150 tons of kerosene, valued at about \$1,500, was a heavy penalty by itself, His Worship imposed a fine of \$300 to discourage the smuggling of goods into Chinese territory.

The Treasury should only be the Colony's cashier, the public's Chartered Accountant, charged to see that accounts are well and truly kept, that money and it, without the necessity for it, we introduce Income Tax, bringing in, in its train, herds of Treasury investigators, grant to a bureaucratic officialdom the right of sanction and veto in our private businesses and our private affairs, surrender our last vestige of freedom, without any real financial necessity for it, we who do not understand Democracy, who are not willing to fight and to work for it, deserve everything we get.

For five years from now, I cry prophetically, we shall have income tax at 25 per cent or 30 per cent or higher as a standard rate.

"All aboard for Gadarene!" A PROFESSIONAL MAN.

Spitting

Sir—Could you through the medium of your paper, bring home to the culprits, how much their filthy habit is deplored by all respectable people.

The Star Ferry has notices displayed on all ferries requesting all patrons to refrain from spitting, but this filthy habit continues. The final result of the expropriation is left between the seats (and some on the seats) and on the Guard Rails.

Those who "spit", are not all quite so brazen as to spit on the deck, but they generally show a lack of common sense, by spitting over the "Weather Side" of the ferries, this usually has the effect of giving anyone standing near a "Spit" bath.

Those who blow their noses between their fingers show the same disregard for other passengers, usually wiping their fingers on the guard rails or paintwork.

I would like to see notices displayed, stating, "Spitting Strictly Prohibited." Penalty \$5.00. This measure, I believe would, at least, reduce this filthy menace.

Your paper has done a lot of good in publishing the article, "Fly, Major Menace to Hong Kong Health."

The possibility of the menace to health caused by the filthy habit I have mentioned, should not be overlooked.

ALL FOR HEALTH.

Sir—Apropos the invitation extended to the community to pay homage to the departing Governor I am reminded of a discussion which took place between a friend and me some years ago.

My friend was citing the instance of a Provincial Governor in China, who on leaving at the

expiration of his term, did so between lines of walking citizens regretful of his departure. I insisted that it was a pity the departure of a good Governor was not such an everyday occurrence as to call for no display on the part of the community.

One's youthful opinions can appear so foolish in retrospect as I now find myself totally disinterested in the arrivals and departures of these officials.

British Seamen's Denial Of Charges

Judgment will be delivered by Mr. W. H. Latimer, Police Magistrate, this morning in the case in which five European members of the crew of m/v "Hickory Brook" are charged with conspiring to steal six drums of lubricating oil and five cylinders of Freon gas, and with the larceny of these goods, on March 10.

Yesterday Sub-Inspector Morrison of the Fingerprints and Photographic Bureau, called by Mr. Sydney Ng Quinn (representing Mander), refused to commit himself to a definite statement as to whether or not the signature on an authority chit could have been made by Mander.

In reply to Mr. Ng Quinn, S/I Morrison gave as his expert opinion that there was one similarity between the writing on the chit and the specimens handed him by Mander. This was in the sequence of the strokes—the easy manner in which the stroke of "W" flowed into that of "D".

S/I Morrison asserted that the signature on the chit was written either by a person who desired to disguise his handwriting or else by one who was not an adept in the use of a pen. In either case, went on witness, there were not sufficient similarities in the two sets of writing for him to affirm or deny that they were written by the same person.

Defendant's Denial

On His Worship's ruling, at the conclusion of the Crown's case, that all the defendants had a case to answer Mr. Marcus da Silva opened the case for the defence by putting Donald in the witness stand.

In his examination-in-chief, Donald categorically denied that he had anything to do with either the conspiracy or the actual discussion of prices with

but wielded at the same time a knout.

The latter part of Mander's evidence was corroborated by Capt. Hoopman who stated that the last witness telephoned to him at about 10 a.m. that day and that they had lunch together at the Hong Kong Hotel at about 12.30 p.m.

In the witness box, Calvert denied that he was in Blair's cabin when Hui called on the Monday morning. He was engaged in tending the generator in the engine room.

Complete denials of having anything to do with the conspiracy or the larceny were also entered by Mander and Blair.

After the final addresses had been delivered by DSI J. Johnston (who, assisted by S/I J. W. M. Dickson appeared for the prosecution), Mr. Marcus da Silva (representing the first, second, fourth and sixth accused), and Mr. Sydney Ng Quinn (for Mander), His Worship announced that he would deliver judgment this morning.

The defendants are: Vivian Peter Donald, 37, second engineer; Robert Manners, 34, fourth engineer; James Alan Calvert, 29, third engineer; Donald Ferrery Mander, 23, second officer; and Robert Victor Blair, 28, electrical engineer.

AMMO IN GRIP

Chau King, 27, was sentenced to twelve months' hard labour by Mr. F. X. d'Almeida yesterday when he was found guilty of possession of arms.

D.S.I. Gordon said that, on information, the San Man Ming Boarding House was raided and when defendant's room was searched, ammunition was found in his suit case.

There will be a debate by the Hong Kong Debating Society in the NAAFI Club, Kowloon, to-night at 8 p.m. The motion before the House will be "In the opinion of this house, Capital Punishment should be abolished." The motion will be proposed by Major Trender and W. O. Jones, and opposed by Lt. Honour and Lt. Twyman.

My friend was citing the instance of a Provincial Governor in China, who on leaving at the

expiration of his term, did so between lines of walking citizens regretful of his departure. I insisted that it was a pity the departure of a good Governor was not such an everyday occurrence as to call for no display on the part of the community.

One's youthful opinions can appear so foolish in retrospect as I now find myself totally disinterested in the arrivals and departures of these officials.

JUNIOR SECUNDUS

My friend was citing the instance of a Provincial Governor in China, who on leaving at the

expiration of his term, did so between lines of walking citizens regretful of his departure. I insisted that it was a pity the departure of a good Governor was not such an everyday occurrence as to call for no display on the part of the community.

WALLACE DEFIES HIS CRITICS

"I Shall Go On Speaking Out Where Men Will Listen"

Ambassador And Chequers Talks

London, Apr. 14. Mr. Henry A. Wallace, in a defiant reply to Congress critics who challenge his right to criticize American foreign policy in a foreign nation, said today: "I shall go on speaking out for peace wherever men will listen to me, until the end of my days."

In a statement issued today, Mr. Wallace said: "Those who propose to take action against me betray their present state of mind. Only if a state of war existed could I be accused of giving aid and comfort to an enemy. I recognize no enemy and know of no state of war."

Mr. Wallace's statement follows: "I learn that there is sentiment in Congress that the place for me to campaign against the proposed military loans to Greece and Turkey is not in Britain, but in my own country. My answer to this is straightforward."

"I did campaign against these proposed loans in the United States, and the British people, through the medium of the British press, knew my attitude very well before I came here. I have mentioned my attitude of opposition to loans for military purposes only, in America. It is the American Congress that decides American policy, not the British public."

"I have said that America, like all countries, can choose between two policies: One stands for a strong United Nations and leads to lasting peace; the other stands for a divided world and leads only to war. I have said, and shall say, that some groups in America stand for the second world policy. I have said, and I shall say, that I stand for the use of American resources through the UN for the betterment of all. Only if a state of war existed could I be accused of giving aid and comfort to an enemy in expressing my point of view."

"If they were right, that in effect a state of war exists, then whether I spoke in Britain or America would be unimportant. I recognize no enemy and know of no state of war."

"In England I have seen firsthand the devastation and suffering caused by war, and to prevent that ruin and devastation from being wreaked again on the world I shall go on speaking out for peace wherever men will listen to me, until the end of my days."

Mr. Wallace was the guest of a group of Labour Members of Parliament at a private dinner today. Tomorrow he plans to visit the House of Commons during the budget debate.

Embassy Request
The American Embassy will report fully to the State Department on conversations between Mr. Wallace and British Government officials, including Mr. Attlee, it was disclosed today.

It is understood the Ambassador, Lewis W. Douglas, who as a conservative Democrat disagrees with Wallace's political theories, will report that Wallace said nothing during those talks which would justify his prosecution under American law.

Wallace himself, meanwhile, spent the day in his hotel room drafting a reply to American foreign policy during his stay in Britain.

His reply will be in the form of an editorial in this week's "New Republic" of which he is editor.

No Significance
Mr. Douglas was present during the luncheon meeting at Chequers at which Wallace and Minister of State, Hector McNeill, were guests.

Embassy sources refused to reveal the topics of conversation, but insisted they were without "political significance" and that Mr. Wallace made no effort to win Mr. Attlee over to his views on American foreign policy.

ACTION DEMAND

Washington, Apr. 14. Mr. Parnell Thomas, Chairman of the House of Representatives Committee on Un-American Activities, declared tonight that the Department of Justice had "no alternative" to taking legal action against Mr. Henry Wallace for his statements made in Britain. His committee planned no action in what was "clearly a matter for the Attorney General," Mr. Thomas said.—Reuter.

Ambassador Disturbs Moslems

Washington, Apr. 14. The newly-appointed United States Ambassador to India, Mr. Henry F. Grady, today denied that he was referring to any "political organization" in statements on Indian unity to which the Moslem newspaper "Dawn," organ of the Moslem League, is reported to have taken exception.

Leaving the White House after a conference with President Harry Truman, Grady was asked to comment on the newspaper's declaration that he had "managed to win suspicion and not confidence of the Moslems" by expressing himself in favour of "national unity in India."

"I was not referring to any form of political organization," Grady said. "That is a matter for the Indians to work out. I had in mind the importance of cooperation and working together of all elements of the country so as to achieve the great possibilities the country has."—Reuter.

British Food For Cologne?

London, Apr. 15. The opening of a depot in Birmingham, through which food parcels could be sent to Cologne, is being considered by Alderman A. F. Broadbent, the Lord Mayor of Birmingham.

Announcing this on Monday the Lord Mayor who visited Cologne recently, pointed out "apart from any question of political problems, the people are not getting sufficient food and until the administration is in a position to assure and deliver to men, women and children the food which at present merely consists of a large extent of figures of calories on paper, the question is bound to deteriorate still further."—Associated Press.

Occupation Force Racketeering

London, Apr. 15. Certain soldiers, sailors and airmen taking full advantage of Europe's black market and disorganized finances have caused a loss to the British treasury of an estimated £60,000,000 during the past two years, the Government announced Monday.

The army's services appropriation account for 1945-46 issued today as a white paper showed a loss of £39,436,110 and the controller general Sir Frank Tribe said that the 1946-47 loss was estimated at £20,000,000.

The losses were attributed to illicit trading and currency transactions with the civil population in various countries fostered by the scarcity value of goods and the large margin over the official rate obtainable for sterling.

The Government said it took steps to stop the heavy drain by imposing exchange restrictions and limiting the amount of money which military personnel could send home by postal order but it could not prevent entirely the exchange of sums improperly acquired.

Last August the army put a real ban on the trading by issuing special pay vouchers in sterling and requiring that only these could be spent in military canteens.—Associated Press.

DIVORCE SEQUEL
London, Apr. 14. The Foreign Office tonight announced that the appointment of Victor Cavendish-Bentinck, concerned in a recent divorce case, as British Ambassador to Rio de Janeiro had been cancelled.

"A fresh appointment will be made in the near future," the announcement said. No further details were given.—United Press.

Mystery American Found Unconscious

Paris, Apr. 14. The French authorities today were seeking to crack the mystery of an unconscious American found yesterday aboard the Marseilles-Paris express.

The man, about 25, tall and blond, was sprawled on the floor at one end of a Pullman when he was found by the conductor. A search of his pockets revealed no identity papers, no money, not even a railroad ticket.

The only clue to his identity was a photograph of an elderly woman, bearing on the reverse side the name, "John Costa, San Francisco."

The man recovered consciousness today in the Hospital of Pitié in Paris, but appeared suffering from partial amnesia. He spoke excellent French, when queried by hospital attendants, with only a slight American accent.

He said he did not remember his name, but knew he was an American from San Francisco. He had no memory of ever having come to Paris and expressed surprise to find himself here.

"Where were you when you were last conscious?" he was asked.

"Back at home—in San Francisco."

"Where did you learn French?" "My parents taught me French."

"Did you have any baggage when you got on the train?" "Yes, I had two suitcases and was carrying US\$9,000 on me. Truly I am surprised to be in Paris, and I see that here they do much better than the Chicago gangsters themselves."

The American Embassy said it had no record of a John Costa living here.—United Press.

Jap. 18th Army's Losses

Sydney, Apr. 14. Lt.-Gen. Hatazo Adachi testified at a war crimes trial today that only 12,000 of 120,000 men in the Japanese 18th Army in New Guinea survived.

The Army Commander is charged with failing to control his troops, who allegedly committed atrocities on Allied forces.

The General said that when Allied troops landed at Hollandia and Aitape, Japanese lines of communication were severed, and "to assist the main Japanese operation, the 18th Army decided to attack the Allies at Aitape."

"We lost 10,000 men killed in this action," he added. "After the 18th Army disengaged, it decided to disperse its troops over a wide area. Fifteen thousand Japanese officers and men died in this movement. The movements from August 1944 to January 1945 were truly called death marches. The story of the 18th Army is tragic."

—United Press.

Triumphal Arches In Bulawayo

(By Russell Landstrom)

Bulawayo, Rhodesia, Apr. 15. Attempting to outdo other cities Their Majesties have visited in South Rhodesia, the area's most modern and industrialised community sent the Royal family on Monday through dozens of triumphal arches along miles of streets and suburban roads lavishly decorated and packed with people who had waited impatiently for this chance to celebrate.

Thousands of children, black and white alike, were so tense that they broke into cheers at the sight of any vehicle along the procession route and when the Royal party drove into view there was such leaping, yelling and flagwaving that a number of boys and girls collapsed from the excitement and heat. Adults too

caved in under the emotional stress and the strain of waiting for hours.

Bulawayo is entertaining the Royal visitors for two days after which the entourage will whip through Bechuanaland and back into Cape Province, completing the strenuous tour of nearly 10,000 miles on Sunday.—Associated Press.

EISLER INDICTED
Washington, April 14. Gerhart Eisler, 50-year-old German, accused of being a top agent of Russian Communism, was indicted today by the Federal Grand Jury on charges of lying under oath to get passports.

It was the pugnacious little German's second Federal indictment here. On February 27th, a grand jury indicted him on charges of contempt for refusing to give sworn testimony before the House Un-American Activities Committee.—United Press.

Salazar Takes No Chances

Lisbon, Apr. 14.

The Portuguese Government today urgently transferred to new posts four Army brigadiers amid rumours of a possible military uprising.

The action was interpreted generally as punishment, possibly for their inactivity in support of the Salazar regime.

The four were transferred for temporary military duty in Madeira, the Cape Verde Islands and Africa. They were Brigadiers Vasco Carvalho, Antonio Sousa, Carlos Selvegem and Correio Mar. tins.

All except Martins left Lisbon two days ago aboard a ship carrying various leaders of the recent strike of shipyard workers who are being deported from the continent. Martins is awaiting transport for Lourenco Marques.

All of the four were distinguished officers.

Rumours of a military uprising cropped up last week and for one day communications between Lisbon and the rest of the country were out, while police and the Army were placed on the alert.—United Press.

Sepulchre Warning

New York, April 14.

Dr. Henry Sloane Coffin, reporting on his recent lecture tour of the Orient, said the United States' reputation in the Far East and throughout the Moslem world was at present so low that "it simply cannot go any lower," partially due to the American policy aiming to "force" Britain to let 100,000 Jews into Palestine.

Coffin said that United States insistence on party rights in the Philippines "threw away all feelings of admiration and love of the Filipinos for America."

—United Press.

Stalin Justifies Censorship

Moscow, Apr. 14.

Generalissimo Stalin today told the Republican candidate for President, Harold Stassen, that "it would be difficult in our country" to dispense with censorship and indicated that the ban on outgoing news dispatches would remain in effect in Russia.

Stassen reported that Stalin told him that Russia and the West must find a way of sitting together and press relations must be improved. However, he claimed that efforts to lift censorship in the past had failed and offered no hope that such a move would be tried again.

Stassen brought up the question of censorship with Stalin and Stalin countered with what he called evidence of bad faith by foreign correspondents.

Stalin said: "It will be difficult in our country to dispense with censorship. The Foreign Minister, V. M. Molotov has tried to do it several times. He had to resume it each time."

Stassen said he received Stalin's permission to issue a verbatim record of the portion of the conversation which dealt with the press. The transcript of notes was checked and agreed. Most of the midnight Kremlin conference with Stalin however concerned economic affairs.

He is withholding details of that discussion until he returns to the United States "because I want to be available for discussion when it is given out."

Jamaicans Want Jobs

Kingston, Jamaica, Apr. 15.

Britain's alleged preference for the employment of former enemy aliens in Britain instead of labour from such colonies as Jamaica was criticised in the Jamaican House of Representatives by a spokesman for the Jamaican Labour Party.

Alexander Bustamante is the leader of this party.

The Rev. S. A. Black berated Britain for preferring Italians to Jamaicans as workers. Bustamante supported Black and disclosed that the government was contacting London on the matter.—Associated Press.

Displacement Programme

Warsaw, Apr. 14.

A Foreign Office spokesman announced today that the repatriation of 400,000 remaining Germans from Poland's "recovered Western territories" would resume tomorrow.

Asked to comment on the London Times editorial urging Poland to reconsider her stand on the former German area, the spokesman said: "The Times' arguments are not serious nor convincing. The present borders are the best guarantee of security. The Times fears a future danger which we consider absolutely groundless."—United Press.

BUDAPEST TRIAL

Budapest, Apr. 14.

The verdict in the trial of 13 Hungarians accused of plotting against the present regime and seeking to restore Admiral Horthy, the former Hungarian Regent, will be announced on Wednesday morning.

Seven of the accused are officers of the Smallholders' Party, the largest single party in the present government coalition.—Reuter.

SCHACHT TRIAL

Nuremberg, April 14.

Dr. Hjalmar Schacht arrived in Nuremberg today under police escort together with his wife and his defence counsel, reports the Dona German news agency in the United States zone. Dr. Schacht's case will be resumed by the Nuremberg Denazification Court tomorrow.—Reuter.



PHILIPS

NEW Radioplayers

SERVICE—SALES—DISTRIBUTION
CENTRAL RADIO & ELECTRIC CO.

60 Nathan Road, Kowloon, 59814
607 Holland House, Hongkong, 31286.

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

NOTICE TO MEMBERS

FIFTH EXTRA RACE MEETING

SATURDAY, 26th April, 1947.

The First Bell will be rung at 2.30 p.m. and the first race will be run at 2.00 p.m.

Through numbers (8 Races—\$16) may be obtained at the office of the Treasurers, 1st Floor Exchange Building, also tickets for the Special Cash Sweep (\$2.00) on the last race.

MEMBERS' BADGES AND ENCLOSURE

Members are reminded that they and their ladies MUST wear their badges prominently displayed throughout the Meeting.

NO ONE WITHOUT A BADGE WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE.

Badges admitting non-members to the Members' Enclosure and the Club Rooms at \$10 including tax are obtainable through the Secretary on the written or personal introduction of a Member, such Member to be responsible for all cheques, etc.

Badges admitting to Members' Enclosure will NOT be on sale at the RACE COURSE.

The Treasurers' Comptroller's Office will close at 11 a.m. and the Secretary's Office at 11.45 a.m. Both Offices, 1st Floor, Exchange Building.

A limited number of tiffls will be obtainable at the Club House, provided they are ordered in advance from the No. 1 Boy (Tel. 27818).

NO CHILDREN WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE CLUB'S PREMISES DURING THE MEETING.

PUBLIC ENCLOSURE.
The price of admission to the Public Enclosure is \$3 including tax for all persons including ladies, and is payable at the Gate.

Bookmakers, Tie Tac men, etc., will not be permitted to operate within the precincts of The Hong Kong Jockey Club during the Race Meeting.

Refreshments will be obtainable in the Restaurant in the Public Enclosure.

SERVANT'S PASSES.
Passes for Servants will be issued to Private Box holders ONLY on application to the Secretary, 1st Floor, Exchange Building.

Any persons found loitering with Servants' passes in their possession will forfeit the same and will be removed from the enclosure.

By ORDER
C. B. BROWN,
Secretary.



"BLACK & WHITE" SCOTCH WHISKY



CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

20 WORDS \$2 FOR ONE
INSERTION PREPAID, \$1
FOR EACH ADDITIONAL
INSERTION, ADDITIONAL
WORDS 10 CTS. PER WORD
PER INSERTION

\$2

Replies are awaiting at our
offices for Box Nos. 240, 255, 266,
273, 274, 278.

WANTED KNOWN

TYPEWRITER for hire at
reasonable rental per month.
Standard Typewriter Co., 11, Des
Voeux Road C. Tel. 30591.

POSITION VACANT

WANTED expert stenotypist
apply Room 123, Hongkong &
Shanghai Bank Building—Tele-
phone 31104.

WANTED TO BUY

WANTED to buy immediately
a few pairs of Triflex Glass
(safety glass) for spectacles, any
colour. Reply Box 255, "China
Mail."

Beten's Beauty Salons

You can trust your personal
Beauty Problems — your Per-
manent Waves, Shampoo, Sets,
Tinting, Facials, Manicure,
Pedicure to Beten's expert
operators (1st floor) above
Lane Crawford's. Tel. 33161.

LAMBERT BROS.

Auctioneers, Surveyors
and Appraisers.
Pedder Building
Telephone No. 20224.

PUBLIC AUCTION

The undersigned have received
instructions to sell by Public
Auction on

Friday, the 18th April 1947
commencing at 2.30 P.M.

at THEIR SALES ROOM,
No. 35 Haulow Road, Kowloon.

A QUANTITY OF VALUABLE
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
comprising—

Extension Dining Tables,
Sideboards, Glass Cabinets,
Chairs, Cupboards, Wardrobes,
Dressing Tables with Stools,
Chest of Drawers, Low Boys,
Hall Stands, Babies' Cots, Office
Chair, Kiki Chesterfield Suites,
Thermo-Cotton, Cabin Trunk, 1
Set Surgeons Operation Instru-
ment, 1 Route Survey Compass,
Folding camp Bed, Leather Suit
Case, Ice Box, Set of Tea Pots,
Cupboards, Glass Ware, Radiator,
Carpets, Rugs, Double & Single
Bedsteads with Boxspring
Mattresses, Metal Safes, Kitchen
Tables, Crockery, Wall Mirrors,
Sauce Pans, Wall Clock, and
Blackwood Furniture Etc., Etc.,
Etc.

Also
1 Remington Typewriter 18 Ins.
1 Remington Typewriter 14 Ins.
1 Radio—All Wave
1 Marble Animal Ornament

On View from Thursday,
The 17th April 1947

Terms: As Customary.

LAMBERT BROS.,
Auctioneers.

THE "STAR" FERRY COMPANY, LIMITED.**NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.**

Notice is hereby given that
the Forty-fifth Ordinary Yearly
Meeting of the members of this
Company will be held at the
Office of Messrs. Jardine,
Matheson & Co. Ltd., on Monday
the 28th day of April, 1947, at
Noon, to receive the Report of
the Board of Directors and
Statement of Accounts for the
year ended 31st December,
1946, to elect Directors and to
appoint Auditors.

Notice is also given that the
Transfer Books of the Com-
pany will be closed from the
10th April, 1947, to the 28th
April, 1947, both days inclusive.

By Order of
the Board of Directors,
C. E. TERRY,
Manager & Secretary.
Hong Kong, 8th April, 1947.

Chinese Optical Co.
OPTICIAN
67 QUEEN'S ROAD C

BY ORDER

Of The Director of Disposals
Far Eastern Area
(M.O.S.)

THE BRITISH STORES DISPOSAL BOARD (HONG
KONG) is authorized to receive TENDERS for the following:
MOTOR PUMPS, ELECTRIC BLOWER FANS, BOAT COM-
PASSES, DRUMS OF BITUMEN, ASBESTOS GARMENTS
AND OTHER MISCELLANEOUS STORES.

LOCATED AT 'K' GODOWN,
HONG KONG & KOWLOON

WHARF & GODOWN, CO. LTD.,
KOWLOON.

Lot	Article	Approx. Quantity
Lot 1	Fans blowers electric...	2
Lot 2	Fans blowers electric...	6
Lot 3	Lamps elect. DC100/120	99
Lot 4	Lamps elect. DC100 V	9
Lot 5	Lamps elect. DC100/120	47
Lot 6	Lamps elect. DC100 V	388
Lot 7	Lamps elect. DC200/250	25
Lot 8	Oil boat under 14'	50
Lot 9	Boat under 14'	63
Lot 10	Whistles for lifeboats	28
Lot 11	Pumps, motor fire un-	3
Lot 12	Boat under 14'	67
Lot 13	Boat under 14'	16
Lot 14	Torches elec. gasproof	41
Lot 15	Torches elec. 2 cell	10
Lot 16	Shovels	6

LOCATED AT ENGINEERS
STORES BASE DEPOT,
CHATHAM ROAD, KOWLOON.

LOCATED AT H.M.
DOCKYARD, HONG KONG.

2. No warranty is given in any way as to quantity,
condition etc., and lots will be bought as they lie.

3. Hours of inspection:—Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays
and Fridays 10 a.m. to 12 noon and 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.; Wednes-
days 10 a.m. to 12 noon only.

4. Passes and Tender Forms may be obtained from
the British Stores Disposal Board, Headquarters Land
Forces, Victoria Barracks, (Entrance 50 yards west of Queen's
Road Entrance to Barracks).

5. Tenders must be deposited with the Board in sealed
packets and marked "Tender No. 12" and addressed to the
Chairman.

6. Closing date for Tenders:—12 noon, Wednesday, 23rd
April, 1947.

7. The Chairman of the British Stores Disposal Board
(Hong Kong) does not bind himself to accept the highest or
any Tender.

WALTER M. WEINBERGER,
Chairman,
British Stores Disposal Board, Hong Kong.

NOTICE**CHINA LIGHT & POWER COMPANY, LIMITED. REDUCTION OF CHARGES.**

The charges for current will
be reduced as from the 1st May,
1947:—

Lighting:—from 71.28 cents
to 64.4 cents per unit
Power:—from 27.72 cents
to 25 cents per unit

In respect of lighting and
power supplies in the New Ter-
ritories, proportionate reduc-
tions will be made and the new
rates will be charged for cur-
rent consumed during the
month of May, 1947.

Bulk supply consumers are
being notified direct of the de-
crease affecting their Agree-
ments with this Company for
the supply of current.

By Order of the
Board of Directors,
P. W. A. Wood,
Secretary & Chief Accountant.

Hongkong, 12th April, 1947.

NOTICE

A special Meeting of the Bri-
tish Legion (Hongkong Branch)
will be held at Volunteer Head-
quarters, Garden Road, on Mon-
day, April 21 at 8.30 p.m. All
eligible for membership are
cordially invited to attend.

DENNIS & Co., Ltd.

Sole Agents for
THE NEW ASIA WHITE-ANT
DESTROYING CO.
(Canton)
WHITE-ANT EXTERMINATORS
Holland House (5th Floor)
Tel: 3124 & 3125

Service Auction Rooms

Auctioneers, Surveyors, etc.
Basement, French Bank Bldg.,
A.E.B. de Souza, Auctioneer.
Telephone 31897.

NOTICE

The dinner arranged at the
suggestion of the Unofficial
Members of the Executive
Council and Legislative Coun-
cil to afford the community an
opportunity to pay a tribute
to His Excellency the Governor,
Sir Mark Young, G.C.M.G., and
Lady Young in view of their
impending departure from the
Colony will be held at the
Hongkong Hotel on Wednesday
7th May 1947 at 8 p.m.

It will be noted that the din-
ner is open to both ladies and
gentlemen.

Any member of the com-
munity who desires to attend
should apply to any one of the
following on or before Mon-
day, 28th April 1947:—

The Hon. Mr. A. Morse, C.B.E.
Hongkong & Shanghai
Banking Corporation.

The Hon. Dr. S. N. Chau,
China Building.

The Hon. Mr. Leo D'Almeida
Castro,
Prince's Building.

Mr. D. Rutonjee,
Duddell Street.

CENTRAL BRITISH ASSOCIATION

Former members of the Cen-
tral British Association who
have not yet re-registered their
names for membership are asked
to do so as early as possible.

Membership of the Association
is open to all former pupils of
the Central British School,
(including the old Kowloon
British and Victoria Schools).
Any such former pupils who
have not yet done so are also
asked to send in their names
and addresses immediately to
the Hon. Secretary.

A RE-UNION DANCE

Will be held at the Penin-
sula Hotel on Friday, 2nd
May. Tickets will only be
available to registered members
and their guests. Further de-
tails will be published shortly.

M. A. SHAND,
Hon. Secretary,
C/- Colonial Secretariat.

ENDING THE GERMAN MENACE

Foreign Ministers Discuss U. S. Treaty Proposals

French Approval With Reservations

Germans Arrested In Dublin

Gen. Marshall Switches Position

Moscow, Apr. 14.
The Big Four Foreign Ministers today completed their study of procedure and discussed the American proposal for a four-power treaty of disarmament and de-militarisation for Germany.

After General George Marshall (United States) had asked his colleagues whether they accepted the idea, he proposed that plenipotentiaries could be immediately appointed to consider the definite text.

Mr. Ernest Bevin (Britain) and M. Georges Bidault (France) gave their consent to the proposal. Mr. Molotov did not directly express the Soviet view, but by putting forward a series of amendments and additions, he implied that the Soviet delegation is ready in principle to consider a four-power treaty.

Calling upon the Council to pronounce itself whether or not they were in favour of such treaty and recalling that Mr. James Byrnes presented the treaty draft in Paris a year ago, General Marshall said: "There has been ample time for reflection. The United States Government believes that the time has now come for the three other powers to decide whether or not they want his colleagues to involve themselves in considering the text."

"If they want the treaty I propose that we designate plenipotentiaries to negotiate promptly the final text."

Active Part

General Marshall said that the original proposal was made because the United States is determined to take an active part in keeping Germany disarmed. The United States recognised that the study of the draft text and inter-vening events would make changes desirable. "I now suggest that the treaty might provide for a periodic review of its terms. In particular after the peace treaty with Germany be-comes final the four-power treaty should be reconsidered to adopt it to the provisions of the peace treaty."

HARBOUR DEPARTMENT NOTICE

It is hereby notified that sealed tenders in triplicate which should be marked "Tender for the purchase of the wreck of the Japanese Yacht — name unknown", will be received at the Harbour Office until noon on Friday, 2nd May, 1947.

The wreck, which includes two boilers, will be sold as it lies in 9 feet of water at Kum Tong, Kowloon Bay.

Details of her present condition are available on application to the Salvage Adviser, Harbour Office.

Tenderers must deposit at the Treasury, Prince's Building, the sum of \$1,000.—(One thousand dollars), which sum shall be forfeited to the Hong Kong Government if the successful tenderer fails to complete the transaction. The deposit will be returned to unsuccessful tenderers.

The successful tenderers will be required to pay the purchase money to the Treasury within 48 hours of being advised of the acceptance of their tender.

Government does not bind itself to accept the highest or any tender.

J. JOLLY,
Harbour Master.

Hongkong, 14th April, 1947.

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

Draft Programmes and Entry Forms for the Fifth Extra Race Meeting to be held on Saturday, 20th April 1947 (weather permitting) may be obtained at the Secretary's Office, Exchange Building; the Club House, Happy Valley; and the Stables, Shan Kwong Road.

Entries close at 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, 17th April 1947.

By Order,
C. B. Brown
Secretary.

Dublin, Apr. 14.
Eleven former German internees in Eire have been arrested and lodged in Mountjoy Prison in Dublin, it became known here tonight.

The arrested Germans include a man who landed in Eire by parachute in May 1940. He was at large for a year before being arrested and interned. Another of the arrested men landed by sea in Eire also in 1940, but he was arrested two days later. One man is believed to be a former member of the Wehrmacht.

All these Germans were set free from internment in September last and told that they would be deported at any time if the Eire Government desired to do so.

The eleven Germans, on being arrested, were told that they would be flown to Germany tomorrow in a special plane, but later it was learned that a habeas corpus application will be made in the High Court here tomorrow morning, and it is likely that their departure will be postponed pending the outcome of the action.

Dr. Hempel, former German Minister in Eire, and former members of the Legation who are still here, have not been affected by the expulsion order.

Among the arrested men are Karl Anderson, who landed on the Kerry coast in 1940; the German writer Gerz, who landed by parachute in 1940; and Hans Marchner, former member of the Wehrmacht, who escaped from Mountjoy Prison in 1942 and was recaptured later.—Reuter.

Mysterious Prince In Currency Case

London, Apr. 14.

The mysterious "Prince Niki," who preyed upon fashionable visitors to Cannes for "Black Max" intrator's gigantic ring of international money smugglers, cropped up in a Bow Street court case today.

It was the fourth time in five cases involving illegal cheques cashed by Britons in France that Max Intrator's name was mentioned. Intrator is under arrest in Paris in a case involving the traffic king in untold amounts of currency between France, Britain, Egypt and Palestine.

De Gaulle Comes Into Open

Paris, Apr. 14.

General Charles de Gaulle announced here today that he would accept leadership of a French "peoples rally" for the purpose of modifying the present party system in French politics.

In a statement to the press, General de Gaulle said: "To assure economic prosperity, social justice and imperial unity, the nation must group itself in a long and powerful effort of work and renovation."

"The present system, under which rigid and opposing parties divide all power, must be replaced by another in which executive power will come from the country and not from parties, and in which all insoluble conflicts will be decided by the people themselves."

"Today, a rally of the French people is created and I am assuming its direction. I invite to join me in the rally all Frenchmen and all Frenchwomen, who wish to unite for the common good as they did yesterday for the liberation and victory of France."

The statement was signed by General de Gaulle.—Reuter.

big four treaty and that he had made his attitude clear in Parliament and elsewhere. He also agreed with General Marshall's proposal to pass the matter for immediate study.—Reuter.

Moscow, Apr. 14.

General George Marshall, reversing former State Secretary Byrnes' policies, today stated categorically that the Council of Foreign Ministers would not be obliged to accept the two-thirds recommendations of the future German peace conference in drafting the final German peace treaty.

The statement at the Big Four meeting, debating future procedure, contradicted Byrnes' long fight in Paris on the peace treaties for satellite nations.

Marshall said: "While two-thirds recommendations will naturally carry greater weight than simple majority recommendations their acceptance by the Council will not be obligatory on the Council."

The U.S. Secretary of State also abandoned his earlier plan designed to relieve the future German Government from the onus of signing the German peace treaty and submitted a complex voting formula for the German peace conference under which recommendations would require not only the two-thirds vote of the nations present and voting but also two-thirds of the nations which are neighbours of Germany or used armed forces against her.

That would apply only if the United States plan for all nations, such as Latin-American states, Turkey, etc. was admitted to the conference—a proposal opposed by the other three Big Powers.

Marshall, earlier this month, opposed making the German Government sign the peace treaty and suggested that a clause be put in the German constitution under which the German Government would be directed to accept and ratify the treaty.

He said one of the major Nazi attacks against Democratic representatives who, on behalf of Germany, signed and accepted the Versailles treaty, was that Germany was thus betrayed by Democrats.

"We believe that by the constitutional procedure we suggest, the responsibility for acceptance of the treaty would rest on the German people. Under those circumstances we will not object to the treaty being signed and ratified by the German Government," Marshall said.—United Press.

Mr. Andrei Gromyko (Russia), answering the earlier United States declaration, repeated the charge that unilateral aid to Greece and Turkey would weaken United Nations authority and urged acceptance by the Security Council of the Soviet proposal to set up a commission for supervising American aid to Greece.

Dealing with the amendment proposed by Senator Arthur Vandenberg to President Truman's legislation now before Congress, Mr. Gromyko said: "This amendment merely underlines the unilateral action of the United States and proves that originally the United States had no intention to consider the time of the United Nations."

"The amendment also prejudices how the United Nations will deal with the matter and this is another sign of contempt for the United Nations. No country, especially not one of the permanent members, has the right to pre-judge how the United Nations will tackle the Greek problem," Mr. Gromyko added.—Reuter.

WANTS JAPAN TO PAY

Washington, Apr. 15.
Major General Edward King today urged enactment of legislation requiring the Japanese Government to reimburse United States nationals who were held as prisoners of war by Japan.

King, who was a prisoner for four years, expressed his views in a statement to the Senate Judiciary Committee, which is considering the bill.—Associated Press.

ITALIAN TEACHERS' STRIKE

Rome, April 14.

Italy's secondary schools were closed by a teachers' strike today protesting against the Government's failure to act on their demands for pay raises and other benefits.

Over 12,000 teachers at first decided to close every school in the country, but elementary school instructors agreed to continue work pending Cabinet consideration of their demands.—United Press.

CHINA TREATY

New Delhi, Apr. 14.
The Government of India are giving detailed consideration to the proposal from the Government of China for the conclusion of a Treaty of Commerce and Navigation between the two countries, it was learned here today.

The proposal is understood to have been received through India's newly appointed Ambassador in Nanking, Mr. K.P. Menon.—Reuter.

Gromyko Attacks U.S. Policy

Lake Success, N.Y.

Apr. 14.

The Albanian representative opposed the United States proposal to leave the United Nations Border Commission in Greece when the Security Council reopened the Greek debate today.

He said that the United States aid to Greece and Turkey constituted intervention in internal affairs and was contrary to the United Nations Charter.

Mr. Andrei Gromyko (Russia), answering the earlier United States declaration, repeated the charge that unilateral aid to Greece and Turkey would weaken United Nations authority and urged acceptance by the Security Council of the Soviet proposal to set up a commission for supervising American aid to Greece.

Dealing with the amendment proposed by Senator Arthur Vandenberg to President Truman's legislation now before Congress, Mr. Gromyko said: "This amendment merely underlines the unilateral action of the United States and proves that originally the United States had no intention to consider the time of the United Nations."

"The amendment also prejudices how the United Nations will deal with the matter and this is another sign of contempt for the United Nations. No country, especially not one of the permanent members, has the right to pre-judge how the United Nations will tackle the Greek problem," Mr. Gromyko added.—Reuter.

APPEAL SHELVED

Washington, April 14.

Union leaders' temporary shelving of the planned appeal to the White House for intervention in the National telephone strike sparked hope that a break in the deadlocked negotiations might be developing.

It was reported that the Secretary of Labour, Mr. Lewis Schwellenbach, requested the National Federation of Telephone Workers' president, Joseph Herne, to withhold the appeal and await a new offer from the American Telephone and Telegraph Company and its Bell subsidiaries. Mr. Schwellenbach was said to be hopeful that an agreement might come.—United Press.

TIN DISCUSSIONS

Brussels April 15.

A conference of the tin study group will begin in Brussels today and will last until April 18 to study general problems concerning the production and world trade in tin.

The opening session is to be presided over by Monsieur Wigny, Belgian Minister of Colonies.

Representatives of France, Great Britain, the United States, Canada, Holland, Australia, Turkey, China, Portugal, India, Siam, Columbia and Bolivia are to attend the discussions.—Associated Press.

SHOWING TO-DAY **QUEENS** AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.15 p.m.

They're drift-daffy!
They're drill-erious!
They'll blitz your blues away!

STAN LAUREL OLIVER HARDY
GREAT GUNS

with **Sheila Ryan, Dick Nelson, Edmund MacDonald**
A 20th Century-Fox Picture

ADDED! March of Time
"ATOMIC POWER"
The new feature film of the atomic bomb test in New Mexico!

SHOWING TO-DAY **WINGS** SPECIAL TIME AT 2.30, 5.00, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

THE PRIZE PICTURE OF THE YEAR!
One of the truly great love stories of our time glorifies the Screen!

M-G-M presents
GREER GARSON WALTER PIDGEON
Madame Curie

PLEASE BOOK YOUR SEATS IN ADVANCE

AT **WAH YAN COLLEGE THEATRE**
ROBINSON RD.
April 17th, 1947

THE BOLDLY MATCHED
A CHIMIC PRODUCTION
COUPLES
THE DOONDOORF
A COMEDY THRILLER

TEL 32335
23773

CATHAY TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.15 P.M.

Never Before Together... America's Two Top Water Clamps
Clashing in a Blazing Feud Over the Queen of the Bayons!

SWAMP FIRE

Starring **JOHNNY WEISSMULLER** and **VIRGINIA GREY**
with **BUSTER CRABBE** and **CAROL THURSTON**
A Paramount Picture

NEXT CHANGE
"ONE OF THIS YEAR'S THE BEST!"
John GARFIELD in
"AIR FORCE"

HARRY O. ODELL
DISTRIBUTING
SELECTED BRITISH & AMERICAN PICTURES

HOLLAND HOUSE TELS: 21802, 21803

INOUE KANAO FACES TRIAL

Arguments Over Nationality

When the High Treason trial of Inouye Kanao (better known as "Slap Happy" and "Kamloops Kid") was commenced before Sir Henry Blackall, Chief Justice, at the Supreme Court yesterday, an objection was raised by defending counsel, Mr. Charles Loseby, that the particulars in the indictment were insufficient and too vague.

Inouye is charged with 27 Overt Acts of High Treason, which allege that he traitorously and intentionally assisted the enemy between June 1, 1944 and Mar. 31, 1945. The Overt Acts covered the period of Inouye's employment as an interpreter with the Japanese Government, in the course of which employment he is alleged to have taken part in the arrest and torture of various people.

Inouye appeared before No. 7 War Crimes Court last year and was, on May 27, found guilty and sentenced to death by hanging. The sentence was subsequently quashed.

Mr. A. Lonsdale, assisted by Inspectors Lowe and McAdie, is appearing for the Crown. Inouye is represented by Mr. Charles Loseby, instructed by Mr. H. K. Woo.

Before the case for the prosecution opened, Mr. Loseby objected to the indictment on the ground that the particulars had not been sufficiently set out and were too vague. In support of his contention, Mr. Loseby quoted from the indictment, Ordinance 1919 and from Archbold.

Mr. Loseby submitted that the particulars were insufficient as to the nature of the allegiance. The Crown case might well be that at all material times accused was a British Subject, or alternatively, that though not a British Subject, he owed allegiance to the King on other grounds. Mr. Loseby submitted that the Crown should set out specifically the ground which it relied. Mr. Loseby also referred to the case of the King — William Joyce and said that in that case, two lines of attack were adopted by the Crown, namely, that Joyce was a British Subject and secondly, that although an alien, he owed allegiance on other grounds.

Joyce Case
In reply, Mr. Lonsdale said that the position in Hong Kong was different to that in England, as the Treason Act 1945 did not apply here. It was, therefore, not possible for the Crown to lay an indictment with more than one count. Mr. Lonsdale said that the particulars of the acts charged, Mr. Lonsdale also said that in Joyce's case, the application to amend was made by the prosecution. It did not, however, alter the indictment in "Lolo". The amendment was made for the express purpose of clarifying the records.

Mr. Lonsdale further mentioned that the submission in Joyce's case was made after it had been made apparent from the evidence given that Joyce was not a British Subject.

Mr. Lonsdale concluded his reply by saying that the particulars in the present case were sufficient and that the accused would in no way be taken by surprise.

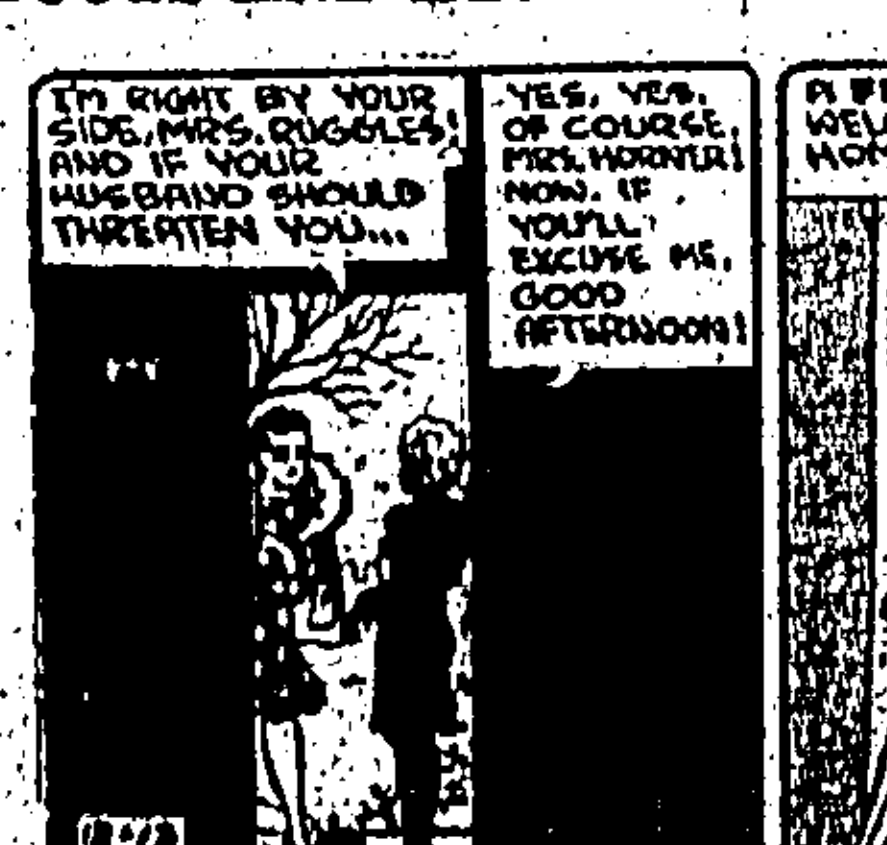
MAJESTIC

SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 P.M.
SPECTACULAR! BIG! OUTDOOR THRILLS!
WALLACE BEERY MARGARET O'BRIEN

"BAD BASCOMB"

AN M-G-M PICTURE
NEXT CHANGE
Charles LAUGHTON
in
"CAPTAIN KIDD"

BOOTS AND HER BUDDIES



COUNCILLORS TO VISIT H.K.

Shanghai, Apr. 15. — A group of local municipal councillors will visit the United States and countries including Britain in September to inspect municipal administration abroad, according to a City Council decision today. They will travel via Tokyo and in the United States will visit San Francisco, Chicago, New York and Washington.

Meanwhile, on May 13 one group of councillors will tour Southern China, including Hong Kong, Canton, Fochow and Amoy and on July 11 another party will visit Northeast China, including Tientsin, Peiping, Mukden, Harbin and Changchun.

should be tried as a War Criminal.

Under cross-examination, Captain Haggan said that he assisted in the defence of accused at the War Crimes trial on instructions of the G.O.C. He performed his duties to the best of his ability.

Captain Haggan said that the impression he gained was that accused was aware of his Canadian nationality. Accused always claimed to be a Canadian.

Captain Haggan said that accused never mentioned to him that his birth was registered at any Japanese Consulate. Captain Haggan said that he did later hear that accused's birth had been registered at the Japanese Consulate in Vancouver. This information came to him in his new capacity.

Captain Haggan said that when the Petition and proceedings in the War Crimes trial were sent to the JAG Department, SEAC Command, a letter was received by Headquarters in Hong Kong requesting that action be taken to carry out investigations to establish the nationality of accused.

Hearing was then adjourned till 10 a.m. today.

Doctor's Claim

The cross-examination of Dr. Sato Choichi, on trial before No. 7 War Crimes Court on a charge of having failed to provide prisoners at Stanley Gaol Hospital with medical attention drugs, medicines and a suitable diet during his tenure of office, as prison doctor during the Japanese regime, continued throughout yesterday.

Sato reiterated his claim that he attended Sir Vandeleur Grayburn on three occasions at the prison hospital. Asked what medicines he prescribed for colitis, he named three Japanese medicines. He said he had given Sir Vandeleur Vitamin B, C and D injections.

He said that beri-beri was a later development in Sir Vandeleur's case and he attempted to ease matters by prescribing meat in place of vegetables which were hard to digest because they were not cooked in the European manner.

Asked if he considered meat more easily digestible than vegetables, Sato said that it was not, but it was less harmful to a patient with colitis than vegetables would be.

Asked if he could not have diagnosed the symptoms of beri-beri in Sir Vandeleur while it was still in a latent stage, Sato said that in most cases the symptoms could be detected in a patient who was in weak health but there were cases when they could not.

Asked to explain the circumstances when the symptoms could not be diagnosed, Sato said that in all disease there was a lot of complicated reasons why diagnosis was not easy that could not be briefly explained.

Hearing of the case continues this morning when Sato returns to the witness-box.

Sowing Crops From Air

London, Apr. 14. — The British Ministry of Agriculture is likely to approve plans for extensive crop sowing from the air because of the urgent need to repair the havoc caused in the recent serious floods throughout Great Britain, Ministry officials said today. Government experts have examined the results of the recent airborne sowing by Mr. T. W. Tomkins, a Northamptonshire farmer who sprayed fifty acres of ploughed land from a twin-engine aircraft.

"We are very interested in Tomkins' experiment," a Ministry spokesman said. "One of the main objections to crop sowing from the air is the cost, but in exceptional circumstances which have resulted from the recent severe flood, the urgency of getting land into production again, this high cost is considered worthwhile." — Reuter.

Washington, Apr. 14. — Rear Admiral Richard E. Byrd and other leaders of the United States expedition to the Antarctic returned today in the flagship Mount Olympus. — Reuter.

RED LION INN
15 Hankow Rd.
Tel. 57841

THE PUB WITH THE ENGLISH ATMOSPHERE
JACK CONDER, Manager.

Dr. J. P. Wilson will give a lecture on "An Introduction to the Social Function of Science" on Friday at 4.30 p.m., at Rice Hall, Pokfulam Road. All interested persons are invited to attend.

Investigation



LEE THEATRE

TOWN BOOKING OFFICE
W. HARKING & CO., ALEXANDRIA BLDG., GR. FL.
BETWEEN 11.00 A.M. AND 5.00 P.M. DAILY

Last 4 Shows To-Day at 2.30, 5.15, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.

"Don't Go Near This Woman!"

Angela Pictures Presents **GEORGE SANDERS-LINDA DARNELL**
in ANTON CHEKHOV'S
"Summer Storm"

ANNA LEE and **HUGO HAAS** with **LOUI LANNER**
EDW. EVERETT HORTON



RELEASED THRU UNITED ARTISTS

COMMENCING TO-MORROW

HOWARD HUGHES PRODUCTION

The Outlaw

introducing **JANE RUSSELL**



JACK BUETEL • THOMAS MI TCHELL • WALTER HUSTON
Released Thru United Artists

CENTRAL & ALHAMBRA

DAILY AT 2.30 5.15 7.30 9.30 P.M. DAILY AT 2.30 5.20 7.20 9.20 P.M.

CENTRAL: Extra Performance at 12.30 P.M.

"HE MADE ME LIVE A LIE"

What is His Horror That I Must Hide...?

With this story the world's greatest horror writer has created a masterpiece!

SEIBERL PRODUCTIONS
TERESA WRIGHT
JOSEPH COTTEN

ALFRED HITCHCOCK'S Shadow of a Doubt

MACDONALD CAREY
PATRICIA COLLINGS HENRY TRAVERS WALLACE FORD

Directed by ALFRED HITCHCOCK A UNIVERSAL PICTURE Produced by JACK H. HARRIS

Only Director ALFRED HITCHCOCK could weave such unforgettable suspense-removal!

STAR THEATRE

THE HONG KONG STAGE CLUB
Presents
(BY COURTESY OF C.S.E.)

PRESENT LAUGHTER

BY **NOEL COWARD**
PRODUCED BY RICHARD VERNON

TO-NIGHT AT 7.30 P.M.

BOOKING HOURS:—12 p.m.—2 p.m. 4 p.m.—6.30 p.m.
Telephone:—58335

RED LION INN
15 Hankow Rd.
Tel. 57841

THE PUB WITH THE ENGLISH ATMOSPHERE
JACK CONDER, Manager.

Dr. J. P. Wilson will give a lecture on "An Introduction to the Social Function of Science" on Friday at 4.30 p.m., at Rice Hall, Pokfulam Road. All interested persons are invited to attend.

Washington, Apr. 14. — Rear Admiral Richard E. Byrd and other leaders of the United States expedition to the Antarctic returned today in the flagship Mount Olympus. — Reuter.

When asked by the Police Officer to put the money into the canvas bag she had with her, accused, after doing so, threw the bag to a man who made good his escape.

When charged at the Police Station she gave her name as Wong Pui-ching, whereas in fact she was convicted for the same offence on April 7 under the name of Cheung Shu-ying. Chan Hung was fined \$100 for the ticket selling offence.

Each of these 22,900-ton ships will carry 552 cabin and tourist passengers and a crew of 338 in addition to mail, refrigerator and express package cargo. The ships are 610 feet in length and 75 feet wide. Their 20,000 horse-power turbo-electric motors will propel them at a maximum speed of 21 knots.

While these plans are pending APL is looking forward to delivery of its two new trans-Pacific liners of the P-2 class. The first, the President Cleveland, which was launched last June 23, is scheduled for delivery in July. The President Wilson, launched November 24, is tentatively scheduled for delivery in September.

Length of the new vessel would be 536 feet, which would be 44 feet longer than the C3-P. Its beam has been put at 73 feet.

APL officials say that if the project is approved by the Maritime Commission — which budget limitations may preclude — they will order five such ships to replace their interim C-4 freighters and operate on a seven-ship schedule, with the President Polk and President Monroe.

When asked by the Police Officer to put the money into the canvas bag she had with her, accused, after doing so, threw the bag to a man who made good his escape.

When charged at the Police Station she gave her name as Wong Pui-ching, whereas in fact she was convicted for the same offence on April 7 under the name of Cheung Shu-ying. Chan Hung was fined \$100 for the ticket selling offence.

Each of these 22,900-ton ships will carry 552 cabin and tourist passengers and a crew of 338 in addition to mail, refrigerator and express package cargo. The ships are 610 feet in length and 75 feet wide. Their 20,000 horse-power turbo-electric motors will propel them at a maximum speed of 21 knots.

While these plans are pending APL is looking forward to delivery of its two new trans-Pacific liners of the P-2 class. The first, the President Cleveland, which was launched last June 23, is scheduled for delivery in July. The President Wilson, launched November 24, is tentatively scheduled for delivery in September.

Length of the new vessel would be 536 feet, which would be 44 feet longer than the C3-P. Its beam has been put at 73 feet.

APL officials say that if the project is approved by the Maritime Commission — which budget limitations may preclude — they will order five such ships to replace their interim C-4 freighters and operate on a seven-ship schedule, with the President Polk and President Monroe.



NEXT FLIGHT:

HONG KONG TO BANGKOK Tuesday 15th April
HONG KONG TO MANILA Wednesday 16th April
HONG KONG TO MANILA Friday 18th April
NEW RATE TO MANILA HK\$380.00

For Passage and Freight apply to:
SOUTH EAST ASIA TRADING CO. (SIAM) Ltd.
69, Connaught Road West. Tel. 24232.
or **FAR EAST AVIATION CO., LTD.**
Top Floor, National City Bank of N.Y. Bldg. Tel. 27250.
(Entrance Duddell Street).

FEATI

MANILA, PHILIPPINES
HONG KONG

to

Shanghai — Bangkok — Singapore — Manila
— San Francisco

by

C-54 "SKYMASTER" 4 ENGINE PLANE

Agents:

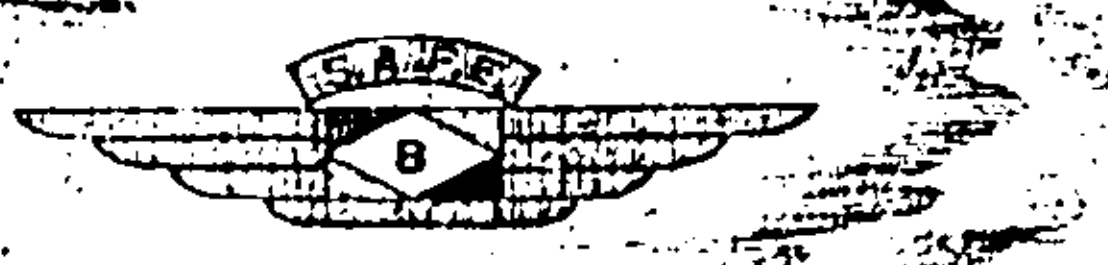
HONG KONG CANTON EXPORT CO., LTD.

3rd floor, French Bank Building, Telephone No. 28600

Known Office:

Peninsula Hotel Arcade Tel. 8440.

S. A. F. E.



BRAATHENS

SOUTH AMERICAN & FAR EAST AIRTRANSPORT A-S

**C-54 "SKYMASTER" 4-ENGINE PLANES
FROM HONGKONG TO:-**

BANGKOK PARIS
CALCUTTA CAIRO LONDON
KARACHI OSLO
(terminal)

Expected departures from Hongkong:

22nd April
3rd May
9th May.

No priorities required to or from any destination.

For Passage & Freight bookings Apply to:-

WALLEM & CO.

Agents:

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Bldg.
Tel: 34177-9

CENTRAL AIR
TRANSPORT CORP.

Shell House—Queen's Road Central.
Hong Kong

Tels. 23278, 27811, 27855, 58948

SERVICE FOR PASSENGER & FREIGHT

HONGKONG

TO

AMOY Tues., Thurs., & Sat.
CHUNGKING Sat.
KUNMING Tues., & Thurs.
LIUCHOW Tues., & Thurs.
SHANGHAI Tues., Thurs., & Sat.

ALL VIA CANTON

NEW TARIFF FROM DATE

	(FARE)	(FREIGHT)
AMOY	HK\$180.-	\$1.80 per kilo.
CANTON	35.-	35 "
CHUNGKING	300.-	3.00 "
KUNMING	400.-	4.00 "
LIUCHOW	180.-	1.80 "
SHANGHAI	350.-	3.50 "

CHINA MAIL

Windsor House

Managing Editor: W. J. Keates.
Editors: 24554
Reporters & General Office 32312
(four lines)
Subscription Rates:
3 months H.K.\$18.00
6 months H.K.\$35.00
One year H.K.\$72.00

DANGEROUS VOTE

A vote of so substantial a number of the Government's supporters as was recorded against the Government on the National Service Bill last week is not a trivial affair; but there is, nevertheless, a danger that this vote might be misinterpreted both at home and abroad. To believe that it portends a serious and permanent fissure in the Socialist party would be a mistake, though one Socialist member, Mr. Scollan, expressed an opinion to the contrary. Like the Liberal handful which joined them in the lobby, the minority represented, for the most part, one of the traditional aberrations of the Left in the nineteenth century. Another was Cobden's idea that if this country adopted complete Free Trade, all other countries would, within a short period, follow suit. Similarly, there exist survivors of the view that the world is defenceless for the rest of the world to applaud and conform. Such opinions, though sincerely held, are contradicted by experience throughout recorded history. Some sympathy must be felt for the many Socialist complaints in the debate that their leaders had let the party down; but the truth is, of course, that these leaders have been, in this respect, sobered by a responsibility which does not appear to be evident to the rank and file. It is also true that to these Socialist traditionalists in the minority—they might almost be called Socialist Tories—must be added a few whom Mr. Churchill called "subversive and degenerate" but who also have their counterpart in the Little Englanders of the past. The feature of this school of thought was and is that the foreign policy of their country is always wrong, and the policy of some other country—in this case Soviet Russia—is always right. But it is unlikely that any of the minority will feel any call to leave the Socialist fold, or that their opposition to the Government is more than transient and selective. The most likely misinterpretation abroad is that the vote reflects some considerable revolution among the British people, or at best some return to glibly apathetic. That is not so. Let any foreigner contrast the behaviour of the Socialist party (not to speak of others) now and in 1938, and he will find that the astonishing thing is not that the minority was so large but that it was so small. Assuming—and the assumption has some truth in it—that the debate was really quite as much about foreign policy as about conscription, the opposition to Mr. Bevin is certainly no larger than it was before. Moreover, it does not contain His Majesty's Opposition. As Mr. Crossman said in a remarkable speech which revealed Europe's misunderstanding of Britain's resolution and innate strength before the last war, "the strength of Great Britain even under a Tory Government may be of value to the liberty of Europe." Mr. Clement Davies may be right in saying that an extra 40,000,000 tons of cotton would be a support to Mr. Bevin in Moscow, but he is completely wrong in asserting that Mr. Bevin could do without this Bill.

It is not a perfect Bill, and it will be difficult to amend because the Service Estimates unnecessarily conceal what the effective strength of Britain's forces will be. But it is sound in principle, and it is flexible. Had such a measure, with such general support, been passed, say, in 1933, there might have been no war in 1939. Much, the critics say, has changed since then and much may change in the near future. That may be so, but the need for outward and visible signs of an inward and national resolution in England, the citadel of liberty, has not changed. If we had nothing more to do than contribute a share of power to the United Nations, and to carry out any sensible policy towards Germany and in the rest of the world, we should need the Bill. Politically, it was quite safe to vote against it, but from the international point of view voting against it was in the highest degree irresponsible.

On Friday afternoon four of the twelve votes condemned at the late Vice-Admiralty sessions were handed at the usual place in presence of a large number of Chinese; others having had their sentences commuted to transportation for life. Mercy is commendable, but in the present instance it is not very politic. Piracy will never be put down until some fearful examples are made up, and the lower bazaar clique is completely broken up.

The races on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday have engrossed most of the European inhabitants and during the week disturbed the monotony of Hong Kong. The absence of a band was, rather marked by those who recollect the profusion of music on former occasions. Last meeting, in addition to the bands of the Royal Irish and the 42nd M.M.I. there was the piper of the McDougalls and these who have no ears for his sweet sounds could admire his Celtic garb and brawny limbs.

We had almost omitted to notice the excellent tifins provided in the house of the late Mr. Mercer, and the masked ball on the evening of Wednesday. We were not present, but heard that the ball was kept up with great spirit until an early hour, and that in a rather promiscuous company there was the greatest good feeling and cordiality. The supper was excellent and the whole affair reflects credit upon those who got it up, the only fear being that their charges were too low.

Britain Passes The National
Service Bill: It's

NEVER TOO LATE TO MEND

By
WICKHAM STEED
Former Editor Of
The "Times"

Despite opposition from a section of its Left Wing supporters the British Labour Government has secured the second reading in the House of Commons for its Bill to continue compulsory service in the armed forces. The Bill, which will shortly become law, renders the male population of the United Kingdom between the ages of 18 and 20 liable to serve 18 months with the Colours and to remain thereafter in reserve for another five and half years. For most of these young men service will begin at the age of 18.

"Survival Of The Unfittest"

In 1914 the small regular army had been reinforced by the 300,000 volunteers who joined "Kitchener's Army" and bore the brunt of the fighting before recruits could be trained under the compulsory system introduced later. These volunteers were the flower of the male population—who would have been natural leaders of the nation—and most of them perished. Between 1920 and 1939 it was seen that one effect of the voluntary system had thus been to favour the "survival of the unfittest." The conscription law of 1939 mitigated this drawback.

Nevertheless, until war broke out again in 1939 the old tradition had been powerful enough to prevent the retention of compulsory service. From 1940 onwards the Labour leaders in the National Coalition Government learned that the reactionary ideas which they had believed to be inherent in conscription bore little or no relation to facts or to national necessities. And when the National Coalition Government was replaced by a Labour Government in July, 1945, these same leaders became convinced that the most democratic means of providing for national defence would be to prolong compulsory service for an indefinite period. Hence the present National Service Bill which the majority of the Labour Party in Parliament as well as Conservative opposition have supported.

The International Outlook

Opposition to the Bill might have been more effective if the peace of the world had appeared.

London, Apr. 12. Historians tell us that in the year 218 B.C. Hannibal, the great Carthaginian soldier, led his armies with extraordinary skill through Gaul, and with the use of elephant transport crossed the Alps and routed the Romans. No doubt it was a very fine performance.

Now let us skip a couple of millenniums. When we metropolitans are not being bothered with praise of our resistance to the great blizz we are told by some folk that we are a decadent people; today we begin to doubt it. Just as historians tell the story of Hannibal's crossing of the Alps on elephants some 2,000 years ago, modern chroniclers will record in days to come how intrepid Londoners in the 1947 A.D. crossed the "Alps" of the capital, not with the aid of elephant transport but mounted on omnibuses of "London transport" which are at least as large and about as heavy as Hannibal's pachyderms.

Those of us who have ridden on an elephant—even if only in the zoo—know well that in spite of his four rubber-tired feet he is not a comfortable beast to ride; a trip on his back is by no means a tour de luxe.

All Points

He lurches at one and the same moment to all points of the compass and back again; we can only guess from our bus journeys in London's ice and snow laden thoroughfares, what must have been the sensations of Hannibal's Carthaginian cohorts when their majestic chargers lumbered over the mountains.

London, as most people know, has suffered this winter from long continued and severe frost, and from a succession of blizzards which have the city lying under a weight of snow and heavier by far than anything it has borne for more than 60 years.

London is divided into 28 boroughs which in the main have dominion over their own thoroughfares and local affairs. The masterly inactivity of most of the Borough Councils—leaving the snow and ice to remove itself—aided by some mysterious and unusual machinations of the clerk of the weather resulted in a remarkable change in the contour of the streets.

Deep And Crisp But Not Even

Road surfaces which normally were, like most London streets, well enough kept and were level or at least even-surfaced with only slight undulations, were left for weeks untouched under snow which for a while lay deep and crisp and even—but not white—suddenly developed a succession of solid mounds, mostly of a diameter of about a yard, or less, and a height above the surrounding snow level of say a foot or eighteen inches.

These mounds, or humps as artfully spaced and sited themselves that their effect on street traffic and on foot passengers was most disconcerting. Seen from the top of an omnibus, ahead and astern—mixed traffic pitched and rolled like ships at sea, while here and there pedestrians abased themselves.

For days on end traffic in London was chaotic. It was diverted from the more busy routes to others only less difficult. Even main thoroughfares were left untouched while Londoners wallowed.

What bidding would you recommend for all concerned on this deal?

Tomorrow's Problem

S. A K G 4
H. 10 4 2
D. A K J
C. J 9 3

S. J 10 9
H. A K 8 3
D. 10 8 2
C. A 8 6

S. K 7
H. 9 6 5
D. Q 5 3
C. K Q 10 5 2

S. 8 5 3 2
H. Q J 7
D. 9 7 6 4
C. 7 4

(Dealer: North, East-West vulnerable.)

North East South West
1 S. Pass Pass Dlt
Pass LNT Pass 2 NT
Pass 3 NT

When South led the spade 2, North did some quick counting, and read East as having only a doubleton K. So he won with his A and returned the 4, saving his Q to knock off the dummy's third spade and thus assure his side three tricks in the suit. East then took two high hearts and gave up another, hoping for the lucky break he got. But when South won

that trick, the defense added two tricks each in spades and diamonds to set the contract down. East was lucky not to be down still one more with the plan he used, and would have been if North had held five spades and South three.

East's hand was not well adapted to a No. Trump response to the double, since he had only two spades and of course only one possible stopper. In other respects his hand was plenty strong, in fact, strong enough to go boldly into game when West properly raised to 2-No Trumps. The proper 2-Clubs by East would have been passed and made, with probably an extra trick.

Of course, East could have limited himself to one down if that had been his purpose, for after getting in with the spade K, he could have run seven more tricks with two in hearts and five in clubs. In fact, it is hard to see what he had to gain by giving up that heart in an effort to set up a ninth trick, which surely he never could cash.

What bidding would you recommend for all concerned on this deal?

CARNIVAL

By Dick Turner



"I have been acting like a gentleman, madam! Now I'm going to act like a lady!"

Londoners Declare Hannibal
Had Nothing On Them

Bus Riding In The
Blizzard

During the recent visitation one thing has been most noticeable. Before the war even a comparatively light fall brought out, within an hour or so, an army of men both regularly and casually employed for the occasion by the various Borough Councils to clear the streets of snow and slush.

The Thaw!!

On this occasion very little was done and whatever was undertaken was tackled in a most inefficient manner. Even in some great main thoroughfares only a few men were employed; in some districts none at all. Even where great heaps of snow were shoveled from the roadway to the kerbs it was an exception for gaps to be left for foot passengers to cross. When they followed the mass was indescribable. There was no drive, no leadership, "No nothing!"

No doubt we have suffered a war change. Shortage of labour may of course have had something to do with the apparent lethargy of London's local authorities. On the other hand, a sufficiency of money in the pockets of the "working class" who would normally undertake such casual work may have had something to do with it. The fact remains that in at least one borough—and there may be others—it is commonly said that unemployed men were offered 21/- a day by the Council to shovel snow; they refused it although in fact (though not why) no tax would be deducted.

What London wanted amid the snow and ice was not youths beating banners with strange devices and shouting "Excelsior" but sturdy labourers who would shout: "Give me a shovel!"—United Press.

Another
Treasure
Hunt Thrill

Sensation-loving Italians tantalized their imaginations today with a new tale of sunken treasure, enhanced by a touch of royalty.

Th newspapers soberly reported that Davide Giuntoli, of Leghorn was attempting to interview the authorities in a project to find the sunken treasure ship of the King of the two Sicilies which was sent to the bottom by the British fleet in Ploim Island strait, between the Island of Elba and the Italian coast, in 1812.

According to Giuntoli, an ancestor of his learned the location of the sunken ship from a dying friend and tried to recover its fabulous hoard—including a royal carriage—encrusted with pure gold—late that same year.

Giuntoli said the Sicilian king was fleeing to France with all his possessions and treasure when he was trapped by the British fleet. He said, "I had many documents and many letters which proved this, but the war destroyed them."

Several months ago, Italians were stirred up by a search for hidden Fascist treasure in the Gulf of Leghorn. That search was abandoned after weeks of fruitless work.—United Press.

JUST ARRIVED!

ON SALE at ALL DAIRY FARM BRANCHES

GAME.

Pheasants	\$14.00	Brace
Wild Duck	11.00	"
Teal Duck	2.50	Each
Quail	3.00	"
Snipe	1.40	"

Try

'RENCO' NEW ZEALAND SMOKED CHEESE

\$1.80 PER LB.

LIMITED SUPPLIES
PLACE YOUR ORDER EARLYThe Dairy Farm, Ice & Cold Storage Co., Ltd.
PURE FOOD SPECIALISTS.

MONROE CALCULATING MACHINES

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A SMALL SHIP-
MENT OF THESE WELL KNOWN CALCULA-
TORS, 10, COLUMN, HAND OPERATED.FOR FULL PARTICULARS, PLEASE
CONSULT—

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.
LIMITED
Specialists in Office Equipment
11, Chater Rd. Telephone 31023



Their Favourite Beverage gives Robust Health

EVERY mother will realize that the nutritional needs of children are far more exacting than is the case with adults. She knows that provision must always be made for replacing the strength and energy which active growing children expend so freely.

For this reason it is wise precaution to make delicious "Ovaltine" the child's regular daily beverage. It reinforces the diet in the energizing and nutritive elements most needed.

Prepared from Nature's best foods—milk, malt and eggs—"Ovaltine" contains proteins to form firm flesh, calcium for strong bones and teeth, iron to enrich the blood, organic phosphorus for sound nervous, carbohydrate for energy and other important health-giving properties.

Thus "Ovaltine" is an ideal food for every child. Because of its outstanding merit "Ovaltine" is the world's most popular food beverage.

Drink Delicious
Ovaltine
The Restorative Food Beverage
Sole Distributors—
JARDINE, MATHESON
& CO., LTD.



PUBLIC LIABILITY INSURANCE

Lift—Property Owners Liability—
and
Third Party Insurance General

Apply to:—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

Insurance Dept. Tel. 31905

BRITISH POWER BOATS LTD.

for

Speed boats and other powered craft

Sole Agents in Hong Kong & South China:—

REISS, BRADLEY & CO., LTD.National City Bank of New York Building,
2 Queen's Rd. C. Telephone 33006/7. Hongkong. OLB

NEW MIDDLE EAST PLAN? Expansion Of British "Arab" Office Bound Up With Palestine's Future

Jerusalem, Apr. 14.

With April 28 fixed as the day on which the special session of the United Nations General Assembly is due to meet to discuss the Palestine situation, Arab political observers are displaying increasing preoccupation with the outcome. The British Government is credited by some observers with wishing to retain a free hand to support a regional solution of the Arab-Jewish deadlock by a regrouping of the whole Arab world.

The Arab demand for implementation of principles of self-determination and establishment of a Palestinian state on a democratic basis cannot, it is contended by Arab observers, be lightly set aside.

But a regrouping of the Arab world in accordance with the greater Syrian plan which provides for unification under a Federal Government of Syria, Transjordan, Palestine and Lebanon at a later stage would, these quarters argue, lower the rapidly rising Jewish proportion in a Palestine joined federally to its "mother" state.

The "expansion" of the Arab Office, whose "chiefs" have gone to Washington, by recruiting of about a dozen young Arab men from Palestine and the Levant states to staff offices in the United States, and the additional subsidy of \$250,000 from the Iraq Government to the Arab Office, are widely commented upon.

When Palestine Arab Higher Committee spokesman declares that Palestine Arabs will not bind themselves beforehand to abide by the decisions of the United Nations on Palestine if these prove harmful to their national interests, they bear two possibilities in mind—partition and the Greater Syria plan. Arab political observers here say.

In rejecting the first as a solution, the Palestine Arabs are confident of full support from each of the seven member states of the Arab League.

Syrian Rally Call

Damascus, April 14.
The Syrian Prime Minister, Jamil Mirdam Bey, made a number of telephone calls today about the special meeting of the Arab League Political Committee, called by Syria to discuss Palestine before the case comes up at the United Nations Assembly on April 28.

An, replied and had not been received from Arab League states. Mirdam Bey telephoned Cairo, Baghdad, Amman and other capitals to get answers. Announcing this he said that the date suggested was Wednesday and the meeting place probably Damascus.

The aim of the talks would be to adopt a common attitude for the Assembly meeting.

Capt. Botelho's Appointment

Captain H. A. De Barros Botelho, son of Mr. A. C. Botelho, a well-known Hong Kong, was appointed to the Colonial Service as an Assistant Crown Solicitor in Hong Kong.

Captain Botelho, who was born in Hong Kong, was educated at St. Joseph's College. In 1933 he became a solicitor of the Supreme Court. From 1934 to 1941, he was a partner in the legal firm of Leo d'Almeida and Company.

In December 1941, while serving in the Defence Corps, he was taken prisoner of war and was a captive until September 1945.

Subsequently, he was employed in the legal branch of the British Military Administration and, in May 1946, he took up an appointment in the Attorney General's Office.

LIVING COSTS

The Labour Officer announces that food and fuel costs for the week ending April 12, 1947, were:—

Rice and Flour	7.2	\$5.0500
Vegetable	1.9	.5800
Salt Cabbage	2	.3000
Oil	7	1.5470
Tea	2	.0000
Salt Fish	3	.0300
Flour	4	.0920
Pork	3	.8820
Firewood	10.3	.0000
Bean Curd, 14 pieces		.7000
Total		\$12.2290

"CHINA MAIL" CONFISCATED

Macau, Apr. 13.
All the English and Chinese newspapers, with the exception of a few mosquito vernaculars, of yesterday's issue from Hong Kong were confiscated by the Censor's office here. United Press.

KENYA STRIKE

Nairobi, Apr. 15.
Labour trouble flared up in Kenya Monday with a sudden general strike called at the Lake Victoria port of Kisumu. Five hundred workers, mainly railway men and public works employees, downed their tools for higher wages.

The Kenya Government warned all civil servants involved that they were liable to instant dismissal and that the Government could not tolerate strike methods—Associated Press.

Punishment Too Severe

A 16-year-old boy went to the Yauwatti Police Station on April 13 to report that he had been beaten by his father, Cheung Tin-fook, a 37-year-old building contractor of 500 Nathan Road, first floor, and by his step-mother.

He was sent to the SCA and from there to Hospital where he was found to bear marks caused by a violent beating over the legs, buttocks and arms.

The father was charged before Mr. Blair-Kerr at Kowloon yesterday with assaulting his son, Cheung Kum-hung, on April 12 and 13.

Police Prosecutor C. J. Askew said defendant claimed that the boy had been disobedient and had struck his younger sister. In the opinion of the SCA, added S/I Askew, the chastisement far exceeded that which was necessary.

Defendant was fined \$25 and ordered to enter into a bond of \$200 to be of good behaviour for one year.

Burglars Sentenced

Pleading guilty to burglary and to breach of a deportation order, Cheung Man, 20, with three previous convictions, was sentenced to 10 months' hard labour by Mr. Sainsbury at Central yesterday.

Li Ping, alias Ha Ka Li, 36, and Yau Chuen, 25, hawker, were each given four months' hard labour and ordered to be expelled from the Colony for burglary.

On March 30, the trio broke into No. 546, Middle Gap Road, the residence of Mr. C. A. Harriman, and stole a gold cigarette case, valued at \$3,000, nine silver cups, one horse shoe clock, one portable gramophone and one suitcase.

Wong Yau-kan, 34, married woman, who pleaded not guilty to receiving the stolen property, was remanded.

Brought Letters Into H.K.

A fireman of the Canton-Kowloon Railway, Ip Lam, 26, was fined \$250, or three months' simple imprisonment, by Mr. Blair-Kerr at Kowloon yesterday on the charge of conveying 121 letters into the Colony.

Prosecuting, S/I Askew stated that there had been a number of cases of this kind recently. He added that the Postmaster-General had instructed him to request His Worship to take a serious view of the offence.

Accused was arrested at 1.30 p.m. on April 14 at the railway station.

Before Mr. Sainsbury at Central yesterday, Cheung Sik, 32, was charged with the possession of a forged die or chop, while Lung Mak, 31, was charged with aiding and abetting Cheung to obtain \$21 from Tsui Yung-fan by means of the forged chop.

The case was fixed for hearing at 2.30 p.m. on Thursday.

Storekeeper Couldn't Take A Hint

"You do not seem able to take a hint, do you?" said Mr. W. A. Blair-Kerr, to Lui Man, of the Lui Man Kee store, 69 Woosung Street, when Mr. J. H. G. Pitman informed His Worship that defendant had two previous convictions for overcharging and was fined \$100 and \$20, respectively.

On the current charge of selling one 1-lb. tin Nestles' Malted Milk at 10 cents above the controlled price of \$2.40, defendant was fined \$300 plus \$25 for not having a price tag attached to the article.

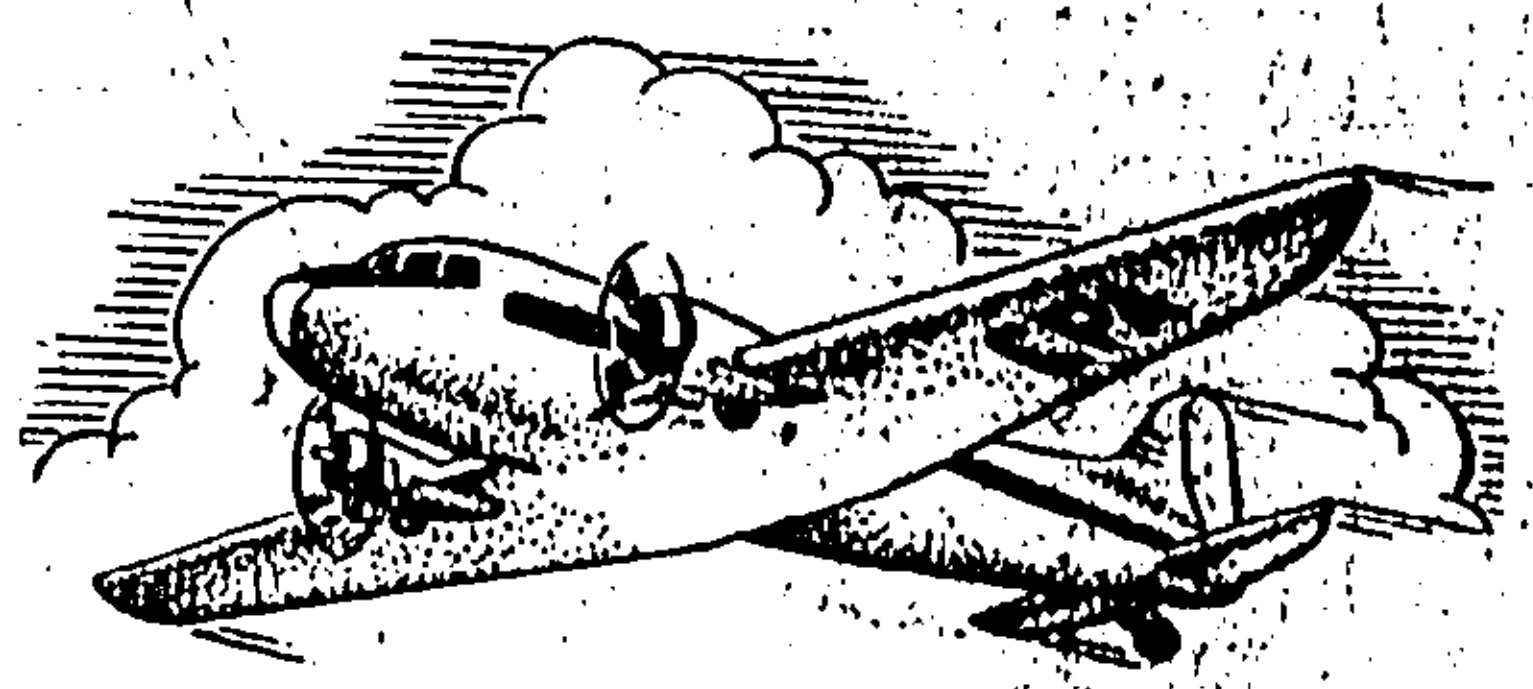
As the result of numerous complaints received from residents and soldiers in the district, said Mr. Pitman, STI Inspectors Chan and Fung were sent to the Hop Kee Confectionery store of 170 Nathan Road where they bought a packet of "Gold Flake" cigarettes for 45 cents.

Defendant firm was fined, through their representative Ng Ng, \$80 for breach of the Price Control Regulations, and \$25 for not displaying a price tag.

Other summons dealt with were: Kong Pin-man of Wing Tai Drug Store, 30 Shantung Street, selling one box of San-nap-pak for \$2.80 (\$1.50) and not affixing a price tag—\$150.

Overcharging 80 cents on a tin of "Craven A" cigarettes, Ho Wah of Wah Chan, 44 Mongkok Road, was fined \$40.

Fines totalling \$200 were imposed on Mok Sau-yan of Yan Wo, 220 Shanghai Street, for having displayed a price tag.



It takes LESS time today to FLY

CPA

BANGKOK

Leaving Friday, 18th April ... Fare \$528

SINGAPORE

Leaving Friday, 18th April ... Fare \$880

MANILA

Leaving Wednesday, 16th April ... Fare \$380

SYDNEY

Book now for next aircraft ... Fare \$2,200

Passenger & Freight Booking Agents
(P. J. LOBO & CO.)4 Chater Road, Tel. 31162 & 31400
Kowloon Office: Tel. 56260

Tathay Pacific
Philippine Air Lines, Inc.



FOUR ENGINED SKYMASTER SERVICES

SHANGHAI ... HK\$ 380 MON-21st APR.

BANGKOK ... HK\$ 528 THURS. 17th APR.

MANILA ... HK\$ 380 FRI. 18th APR.

HONOLULU ... US\$ 600 TUES. 22 APR.

SAN FRANCISCO ... US\$ 795

10% Round Trip Reduction Baggage Allowance 66 lbs.

Freight Rates on Application

THE DE LA RAMA STEAMSHIP CO., INC.

GENERAL AGENTS

MAIN BOOKING OFFICE HONG KONG OFFICE
PENINSULA HOTEL LOBBY PEDDER BUILDING
Tels. 58330 and 58081—Ex. 22 Tels. 23876, Chinese Dept. 23738
MANAGER 22071

B.O.A.C. ACROSS the WORLD

4 Engine Flying Boat Mail, Passenger and Freight Service

ARRIVING
every Friday fromDEPARTING
every Saturday to

BANGKOK
RANGOON
CALCUTTA
KARACHI
BASRA
CAIRO—connections with Central and South Africa
MARSEILLES
LONDON—connection with USA

ARRIVING
every Thursday fromDEPARTING
every Sunday to

BANGKOK
SINGAPORE—connections with Australia and New Zealand

STEWARDS SERVICE SLEEPING BERTHS
WELL STOCKED BAR SMOOKING COMPARTMENTS

For further information and bookings apply to the General Agents.

JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD.
Airways Department
Hongkong, Tel. 3331. Kowloon Office: Pedder Bldg. Tel. 56261.

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LUN N.V.

King's Building, Connaught Road,
Tel: Shipping Dept. 28016, Passage Dept. 28017.
Chinese Agents, Connaught Road, C. No. 82, Tel. 25188.
S.N.P. do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 25th April 25th April

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

ROYAL PACKET NAVIGATION CO., LTD. (ORIENT JAVA AFRICA LINE)

Ship do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 25th April 25th April

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

(DELI-STRAITS-CHINA LINE)

Ship do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

SILVER LINE LTD.

Ship do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

HOLLAND-EAST ASIA LINE

Ship do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

do from do from do from
M.S. "TUTJALENKA" do from do from do from
on or about 19th May

Soviet Debt To America: Discussions To Open Soon

Washington, Apr. 14.

Russia has finally agreed to repeated United States demands that she begin negotiations for settling her US\$11,000,000 wartime Lend-Lease account.

The decision was announced by the State Department, but officials refuse to say whether it will clear the way for consideration of Russia's longstanding request for a US\$1,000,000,000 loan.

The announcement, made US\$2,203,000 in reverse Lend-Lease supplies to this country. Besides Russia, only China remains on the list of nations which have not settled. China's account runs in excess of US\$1,500,000,000.—United Press.

New York Stock Losses

New York, Apr. 14.

There was an early extension of losses up to two points on a broad front and after a short rallying movement, which enabled stocks to show slight gains, liquidating pressure forced the market to resume a heavy decline.

The market has apparently accomplished sufficient account trimming as warranted by the present circumstances and, numerous sellers are now cautious whilst awaiting new corporate and legislative developments concerning labour.

During the afternoon, buyers were only able to muster sufficient strength to raise prices slightly from the day's worst levels but some quarters are of the opinion that there is a good technical rally in the offing.

The market closed mostly flat on four points lower with Allied Chemicals off 5-1/4, Norfolk Western six and Du Pont 7-7/8. The averages not only went to new 1947 low levels but also reached the low level for 1946 and the others were not far off. The market closed weak.—Reuter.

Meat Shortage Threat

Brighton, April 14.

The warning that Britain's home killed meat would be low this year and that because of the shortage Britain would have to get supplies from wherever she could in order to maintain the present meat ration was made here today by Sir Henry Turner, Controller of meat and livestock at the Ministry of Food at the bi-annual conference of the National Federation of Meat Traders Association.

"Most of the serious situation is in English supplies," Sir Henry said. "Last autumn we had an extraordinarily big kill when we killed some scores of thousands tons of meat, which should have been available today to keep up our stock. We had that stuff last autumn and when that fact is added to the losses from blizzards and floods, I rather expect that supplies this year will be down even dramatically, on last year."—Reuter.

Little Interest In London Market

London, April 14.

On the whole there was little of real interest in the markets today but the general improvement in British funds as a result of some speculative buying made for improved conditions in domestic stocks generally. As regards Budget favourites, breweries and tobacco, the former were harder where changed and the latter irregular.

Motors and aircraft also enjoyed some support and shipping issues were again better where changed. Among home rails there was some support for transport stocks. Foreign bonds were very quiet but Brazilians lost ground, following the Foreign Minister's denial of buying Brazil bonds in New York. Contractions of speculative interest in Rumanian issues also resulted in a reactionary trend in that section of the market.

The Cape displayed moderate interest in Free State issues among South African gold shares which recorded some improvement but copper did not hold earlier gains. The commodity share markets were firm throughout.—Reuter.

New York, Apr. 15.
Closing foreign exchange:
Canadian, 02.02; Britain, 4.02; France, 0.34; Sweden, 27.89; Switzerland, 29.40; Argentina, 24.40; Brazil, 5.50; Mexico, 20.02.—Associated Press.

H.K. Stock Exchange

The Market throughout the day was steady but slightly easier, yet there was a better volume transacted than yesterday. Especially in Wharves, Banks, Hotels and Realities.

H.K. Govt. Loans: 4% Loan 107 1/2; 5% Loan 108; 6% Loan 109; 7% Loan 110; 8% Loan 111; 9% Loan 112; 10% Loan 113; 11% Loan 114; 12% Loan 115; 13% Loan 116; 14% Loan 117; 15% Loan 118; 16% Loan 119; 17% Loan 120; 18% Loan 121; 19% Loan 122; 20% Loan 123; 21% Loan 124; 22% Loan 125; 23% Loan 126; 24% Loan 127; 25% Loan 128; 26% Loan 129; 27% Loan 130; 28% Loan 131; 29% Loan 132; 30% Loan 133; 31% Loan 134; 32% Loan 135; 33% Loan 136; 34% Loan 137; 35% Loan 138; 36% Loan 139; 37% Loan 140; 38% Loan 141; 39% Loan 142; 40% Loan 143; 41% Loan 144; 42% Loan 145; 43% Loan 146; 44% Loan 147; 45% Loan 148; 46% Loan 149; 47% Loan 150; 48% Loan 151; 49% Loan 152; 50% Loan 153; 51% Loan 154; 52% Loan 155; 53% Loan 156; 54% Loan 157; 55% Loan 158; 56% Loan 159; 57% Loan 160; 58% Loan 161; 59% Loan 162; 60% Loan 163; 61% Loan 164; 62% Loan 165; 63% Loan 166; 64% Loan 167; 65% Loan 168; 66% Loan 169; 67% Loan 170; 68% Loan 171; 69% Loan 172; 70% Loan 173; 71% Loan 174; 72% Loan 175; 73% Loan 176; 74% Loan 177; 75% Loan 178; 76% Loan 179; 77% Loan 180; 78% Loan 181; 79% Loan 182; 80% Loan 183; 81% Loan 184; 82% Loan 185; 83% Loan 186; 84% Loan 187; 85% Loan 188; 86% Loan 189; 87% Loan 190; 88% Loan 191; 89% Loan 192; 90% Loan 193; 91% Loan 194; 92% Loan 195; 93% Loan 196; 94% Loan 197; 95% Loan 198; 96% Loan 199; 97% Loan 200; 98% Loan 201; 99% Loan 202; 100% Loan 203; 101% Loan 204; 102% Loan 205; 103% Loan 206; 104% Loan 207; 105% Loan 208; 106% Loan 209; 107% Loan 210; 108% Loan 211; 109% Loan 212; 110% Loan 213; 111% Loan 214; 112% Loan 215; 113% Loan 216; 114% Loan 217; 115% Loan 218; 116% Loan 219; 117% Loan 220; 118% Loan 221; 119% Loan 222; 120% Loan 223; 121% Loan 224; 122% Loan 225; 123% Loan 226; 124% Loan 227; 125% Loan 228; 126% Loan 229; 127% Loan 230; 128% Loan 231; 129% Loan 232; 130% Loan 233; 131% Loan 234; 132% Loan 235; 133% Loan 236; 134% Loan 237; 135% Loan 238; 136% Loan 239; 137% Loan 240; 138% Loan 241; 139% Loan 242; 140% Loan 243; 141% Loan 244; 142% Loan 245; 143% Loan 246; 144% Loan 247; 145% Loan 248; 146% Loan 249; 147% Loan 250; 148% Loan 251; 149% Loan 252; 150% Loan 253; 151% Loan 254; 152% Loan 255; 153% Loan 256; 154% Loan 257; 155% Loan 258; 156% Loan 259; 157% Loan 260; 158% Loan 261; 159% Loan 262; 160% Loan 263; 161% Loan 264; 162% Loan 265; 163% Loan 266; 164% Loan 267; 165% Loan 268; 166% Loan 269; 167% Loan 270; 168% Loan 271; 169% Loan 272; 170% Loan 273; 171% Loan 274; 172% Loan 275; 173% Loan 276; 174% Loan 277; 175% Loan 278; 176% Loan 279; 177% Loan 280; 178% Loan 281; 179% Loan 282; 180% Loan 283; 181% Loan 284; 182% Loan 285; 183% Loan 286; 184% Loan 287; 185% Loan 288; 186% Loan 289; 187% Loan 290; 188% Loan 291; 189% Loan 292; 190% Loan 293; 191% Loan 294; 192% Loan 295; 193% Loan 296; 194% Loan 297; 195% Loan 298; 196% Loan 299; 197% Loan 300; 198% Loan 301; 199% Loan 302; 200% Loan 303; 201% Loan 304; 202% Loan 305; 203% Loan 306; 204% Loan 307; 205% Loan 308; 206% Loan 309; 207% Loan 310; 208% Loan 311; 209% Loan 312; 210% Loan 313; 211% Loan 314; 212% Loan 315; 213% Loan 316; 214% Loan 317; 215% Loan 318; 216% Loan 319; 217% Loan 320; 218% Loan 321; 219% Loan 322; 220% Loan 323; 221% Loan 324; 222% Loan 325; 223% Loan 326; 224% Loan 327; 225% Loan 328; 226% Loan 329; 227% Loan 330; 228% Loan 331; 229% Loan 332; 230% Loan 333; 231% Loan 334; 232% Loan 335; 233% Loan 336; 234% Loan 337; 235% Loan 338; 236% Loan 339; 237% Loan 340; 238% Loan 341; 239% Loan 342; 240% Loan 343; 241% Loan 344; 242% Loan 345; 243% Loan 346; 244% Loan 347; 245% Loan 348; 246% Loan 349; 247% Loan 350; 248% Loan 351; 249% Loan 352; 250% Loan 353; 251% Loan 354; 252% Loan 355; 253% Loan 356; 254% Loan 357; 255% Loan 358; 256% Loan 359; 257% Loan 360; 258% Loan 361; 259% Loan 362; 260% Loan 363; 261% Loan 364; 262% Loan 365; 263% Loan 366; 264% Loan 367; 265% Loan 368; 266% Loan 369; 267% Loan 370; 268% Loan 371; 269% Loan 372; 270% Loan 373; 271% Loan 374; 272% Loan 375; 273% Loan 376; 274% Loan 377; 275% Loan 378; 276% Loan 379; 277% Loan 380; 278% Loan 381; 279% Loan 382; 280% Loan 383; 281% Loan 384; 282% Loan 385; 283% Loan 386; 284% Loan 387; 285% Loan 388; 286% Loan 389; 287% Loan 390; 288% Loan 391; 289% Loan 392; 290% Loan 393; 291% Loan 394; 292% Loan 395; 293% Loan 396; 294% Loan 397; 295% Loan 398; 296% Loan 399; 297% Loan 400; 298% Loan 401; 299% Loan 402; 300% Loan 403; 301% Loan 404; 302% Loan 405; 303% Loan 406; 304% Loan 407; 305% Loan 408; 306% Loan 409; 307% Loan 410; 308% Loan 411; 309% Loan 412; 310% Loan 413; 311% Loan 414; 312% Loan 415; 313% Loan 416; 314% Loan 417; 315% Loan 418; 316% Loan 419; 317% Loan 420; 318% Loan 421; 319% Loan 422; 320% Loan 423; 321% Loan 424; 322% Loan 425; 323% Loan 426; 324% Loan 427; 325% Loan 428; 326% Loan 429; 327% Loan 430; 328% Loan 431; 329% Loan 432; 330% Loan 433; 331% Loan 434; 332% Loan 435; 333% Loan 436; 334% Loan 437; 335% Loan 438; 336% Loan 439; 337% Loan 440; 338% Loan 441; 339% Loan 442; 340% Loan 443; 341% Loan 444; 342% Loan 445; 343% Loan 446; 344% Loan 447; 345% Loan 448; 346% Loan 449; 347% Loan 450; 348% Loan 451; 349% Loan 452; 350% Loan 453; 351% Loan 454; 352% Loan 455; 353% Loan 456; 354% Loan 457; 355% Loan 458; 356% Loan 459; 357% Loan 460; 358% Loan 461; 359% Loan 462; 360% Loan 463; 361% Loan 464; 362% Loan 465; 363% Loan 466; 364% Loan 467; 365% Loan 468; 366% Loan 469; 367% Loan 470; 368% Loan 471; 369% Loan 472; 370% Loan 473; 371% Loan 474; 372% Loan 475; 373% Loan 476; 374% Loan 477; 375% Loan 478; 376% Loan 479; 377% Loan 480; 378% Loan 481; 379% Loan 482; 380% Loan 483; 381% Loan 484; 382% Loan 485; 383% Loan 486; 384% Loan 487; 385% Loan 488; 386% Loan 489; 387% Loan 490; 388% Loan 491; 389% Loan 492; 390% Loan 493; 391% Loan 494; 392% Loan 495; 393% Loan 496; 394% Loan 497; 395% Loan 498; 396% Loan 499; 397% Loan 500; 398% Loan 501; 399% Loan 502; 400% Loan 503; 401% Loan 504; 402% Loan 505; 403% Loan 506; 404% Loan 507; 405% Loan 508; 406% Loan 509; 407% Loan 510; 408% Loan 511; 409% Loan 512; 410% Loan 513; 411% Loan 514; 412% Loan 515; 413% Loan 516; 414% Loan 517; 415% Loan 518; 416% Loan 519; 417% Loan 520; 418% Loan 521; 419% Loan 522; 420% Loan 523; 421% Loan 524; 422% Loan 525; 423% Loan 526; 424% Loan 527; 425% Loan 528; 426% Loan 529; 427% Loan 530; 428% Loan 531; 429% Loan 532; 430% Loan 533; 431% Loan 534; 432% Loan 535; 433% Loan 536; 434% Loan 537; 435% Loan 538; 436% Loan 539; 437% Loan 540; 438% Loan 541; 439% Loan 542; 440% Loan 543; 441% Loan 544; 442% Loan 545; 443% Loan 546; 444% Loan 547; 445% Loan 548; 446% Loan 549; 447% Loan 550; 448% Loan 551; 449% Loan 552; 450% Loan 553; 451% Loan 554; 452% Loan 555; 453% Loan 556; 454% Loan 557; 455% Loan 558; 456% Loan 559; 457% Loan 560; 458% Loan 561; 459% Loan 562; 460% Loan 563; 461% Loan 564; 462% Loan 565; 463% Loan 566; 464% Loan 567; 465% Loan 568; 466% Loan 569; 467% Loan 570; 468% Loan 571; 469% Loan 572; 470% Loan 573; 471% Loan 574; 472% Loan 575; 473% Loan 576; 474% Loan 577; 475% Loan 578; 476% Loan 579; 477% Loan 580; 478% Loan 581; 479% Loan 582; 480% Loan 583; 481% Loan 584; 482% Loan 585; 483% Loan 586; 484% Loan 587; 485% Loan 588; 486% Loan 589; 487% Loan 590; 488% Loan 591; 489% Loan 592; 490% Loan 593; 491% Loan 594; 492% Loan 595; 493% Loan 596; 494% Loan 597; 495% Loan 598; 496% Loan 599; 497% Loan 600; 498% Loan 601; 499% Loan 602; 500% Loan 603; 501% Loan 604; 502% Loan 605; 503% Loan 606; 504% Loan 607; 505% Loan 608; 506% Loan 609; 507% Loan 610; 508% Loan 611; 509% Loan 612; 510% Loan 613; 511% Loan 614; 512% Loan 615; 513% Loan 616; 514% Loan 617; 515% Loan 618; 516% Loan 619; 517% Loan 620; 518% Loan 621; 519% Loan 622; 520% Loan 623; 521% Loan 624; 522% Loan 625; 523% Loan 626; 524% Loan 627; 525% Loan 628; 526% Loan 629; 527% Loan 630; 528% Loan 631; 529% Loan 632; 530% Loan 633; 531% Loan 634; 532% Loan 635; 533% Loan 636; 534% Loan 637; 535% Loan 638; 536% Loan 639; 537% Loan 640; 538% Loan 641; 539% Loan 642; 540% Loan 643; 541% Loan 644; 542% Loan 645; 543% Loan 646; 544% Loan 647; 545% Loan 648; 546% Loan 649; 547% Loan 650; 548% Loan 651; 549% Loan 652; 550% Loan 653; 551% Loan 654; 552% Loan 655; 553% Loan 656; 554% Loan 657; 555% Loan 658; 556% Loan 659; 557% Loan 660; 558% Loan 661; 559% Loan 662; 560% Loan 663; 561% Loan 664; 562% Loan 665; 563% Loan 666; 564% Loan 667; 565% Loan 668; 566% Loan 669; 567% Loan 670; 568% Loan 671; 569% Loan 672; 570% Loan 673; 571% Loan 674; 572% Loan 675; 573% Loan 676; 574% Loan 677; 575% Loan 678; 576% Loan 679; 577% Loan 680; 578% Loan 681; 579% Loan 682; 580% Loan 683; 581% Loan 684; 582% Loan 685; 583% Loan 686; 584% Loan 687; 585% Loan 688; 586% Loan 689; 587% Loan 690; 588% Loan 691; 589% Loan 692; 590% Loan 693; 591% Loan 694; 592% Loan 695; 593% Loan 696; 594% Loan 697; 595% Loan 698; 596% Loan 699; 597% Loan 700; 598% Loan 701; 599% Loan 702; 600% Loan 703; 601% Loan 704; 602% Loan 705; 603% Loan 706; 604% Loan 707; 605% Loan 708; 606% Loan 709; 607% Loan 710; 608% Loan 711; 609% Loan 712; 610% Loan 713; 611% Loan 714; 612% Loan 715; 613% Loan 716; 614% Loan 717; 615% Loan 718; 616% Loan 719; 617% Loan 720; 618% Loan 721; 619% Loan 722; 620% Loan 723; 621% Loan 724; 622% Loan 725; 623% Loan 726; 624% Loan 727; 625% Loan 728; 626% Loan 729; 627% Loan 730; 628% Loan 731; 629% Loan 732

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE1, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL
Telephone: 30381-8 Private Exchange.**Agents: CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.**
SAILINGS TO

"TSINAN"	Swatow 2 p.m. 17th Apr.
"KWEIYANG"	Swatow & Bangkok 2 p.m. 16th Apr.
"NINGHAI"	Shanghai 4 p.m. 18th Apr.
"SINKIANG"	Singapore, Port Swettenham & Penang D.L. 18th Apr.
"HUNAN"	Amoy & Tientsin 4 p.m. 19th Apr.
"FUKIEN"	Nagoya 4 p.m. 21st Apr.
"SZECHUEN"	Bangkok 4 p.m. 22nd Apr.
"NANCHANG"	Singapore D.L. 23rd Apr.
"SHENGKING"	Shanghai 4 p.m. 25th Apr.

ARRIVALS FROM

"TSINAN"	Swatow a.m. 16th Apr.
"SZECHUEN"	Singapore 16th Apr.
"FENGTIEN"	Singapore 19th Apr.
"SHENGKING"	Shanghai 22nd Apr.

CANTON RIVER LINE

"WUSUEH"	Arrives 6.30 p.m. 16th April.
	Sails 8 a.m. 22nd April.
	Arrives 3.10 p.m. 25th April.
	Sails 9.30 a.m. 27th April.

Agents: BLUE FUNNEL LINE**U.K. SERVICE****Arrivals from**

"ANTHOCUS"	United Kingdom via Straits	19th April
"SHANSI"	"	23rd April
"MEDON"	"	3rd May

Sailings to

"DIOMED"	Genoa, Marseilles, Havre, Liverpool, Glasgow via Port Said	21st April
"CALHAS"	Liverpool	Early May

NEW YORK SERVICE

"EURYBATES"	New York via Straits and Port Said End April
-------------	--

Arrivals

"EURYBATES"	From N.Y. via Manila & S'hai 3rd Week April
-------------	---

Agents: Australian-Oriental Line, Ltd.**Arrivals from**

"YUNNAN"	Australia	1st week May
----------	-----------	--------------

Sailings to

"VESSEL"	Australia	Beginning May
----------	-----------	---------------

All The Above Subject To Alteration Without Notice.
For Passage and Freight Particulars Apply To The Above.**DE LA RAMA LINES**EXPRESS CARGO LINER SERVICES
TO AND FROM PACIFIC & ATLANTIC COASTS
U.S.A. LOADING DATES

Loads	Date	Vessel
Atlantic Coast	Mid. May	mv. "DONA AURORA"
Pacific Coast	30th Apr.	mv. "HAINAN"

ARRIVALS

From	Date	Vessel
Atlantic Coast	In port	mv. "DONA NATI"
Pacific Coast	Early May	mv. "HALLAND"
New Orleans	7th May	mv. "TRAVANCORE"
	Mid. May	mv. "DONA TRINIDAD"

SAILINGS

For	Date	Vessel
Atlantic Coast	12th Apr.	mv. "DONA NATI"
via Los Angeles	Early May	mv. "HALLAND"

THE DE LA RAMA STEAMSHIP CO. INC.Pedder Building Chinese Shipping Office
Tel.: 23676; 22675 Tel.: 23738/20153**ORIENT JAVA AFRICA LINE**

(K. P. M. LINE).

EXTENDED TO SOUTH AMERICA.

S.S. "TJIPONDOK"

Loading on April 28th for:—Manila, Singapore, Batavia, Mauritius, Lourenco Marques, Beira, Durban, East London, Port Elizabeth, Mosselbay, Capetown, Buenos Aires, Montevideo, Santos, Rio de Janeiro.

Cargo accepted on through Bill of Lading to Durban, Salsman, Zanzibar, and Mombasa.
Subject to alteration without Notice.

For particulars of Freight & Passage. Please apply to:—

JAVA - CHINA - JAPAN LUN N.V.

King's Bldg., Connaught Road, Central. Tel. 28016.

**MAERSK LINE**

A. P. Moller, Moller Steamship Company Inc.

Copenhagen New York.

MONTHLY SAILINGS TO NEW YORK, ATLANTIC PORTS, LOS ANGELES and PANAMA

M.S. "LEISE MAERSK"	April 26
M.S. "GRETE MAERSK"	May 12
M.S. "TREIN MAERSK"	June 8

Special Tanks available for carrying oil in bulk.

ARRIVALS FROM N.Y. & OTHER U.S. PORTS.

M.S. "GRETE MAERSK"	April 19
M.S. "SALLY MAERSK"	Mid-May
M.S. "LAURA MAERSK"	End June

For Freight and Particulars, please apply to:—

Pedder Building Tel. No. 22802 **J. BEN & CO. Agents****"FLYING DUTCHMAN" TRAVELS IN LUXURY**

(By Barbara Price)

School children have wept for generations over the fate of the "Flying Dutchman," the old sea captain who was fated to sail the seven seas forevermore because he failed to heed a warning.

In Hong Kong this week is another Flying Dutchman—one over whose lot none need waste tears. He is B. van Leer, Dutch manufacturer, whose flying penthouse gives one a tantalizing preview of what air travel can be for those with the wherewithal to combine speed and comfort.

Private Matsheds To Go

(Continued from Page 1)

Individual owners would be unable to develop the area to provide the maximum density of development. Such huts are to be let to individuals annually for the season, say nine months, and then to revert to Government for overhaul and repair before the next season. No person should have the right to occupy such accommodation for more than one season.

Private Sites

The Committee understands that before the War approved applicants were granted permission to occupy sites on an annual permit which was renewed more or less as a matter of course year after year. In this way the popular beaches became completely filled with rows and rows of private sheds to the detriment of the non-permit holders. There have been inferences that this system led to certain abuses. The committee was not satisfied with this method of allocation and considered that the present is an opportune time to clear the beaches and to adopt a new policy that would as far as possible ensure a greater measure of enjoyment of the beaches to all members of the public. On the other hand the Committee did not see fit to recommend that private ownership of sites should be completely abolished. Inaccessible beaches would not be likely to be widely patronized by the public at large but the allocation of private sites at such beaches, it was considered, would ensure that these beaches were regularly used by the site holders thereby providing for the maximum use and enjoyment of the Colony's bathing amenities.

Pre-War Sites

The Committee gave much thought and consideration to the question of whether persons who had enjoyed private matched facilities before the war should be given preference or priority under any new scheme, and came to the conclusion that since practically all matched had been damaged or destroyed and the sites were in any case held on annual permits the question of preference or priority to previous permit holders should not be entertained. Original permit holders might, however, be given a certain period of time to remove existing structures, after which the structures would become the property of the Crown.

Allocation Of Sites

The most controversial question considered by the Committee was that of allocation of sites for the construction of private huts. After discussion, the Committee decided to recommend that on those beaches where such huts were to be allowed after the number of available sites had been decided, application should be invited from the public for permission to rent a site. Each application should be confined to one beach only and not to any particular site on that beach; each applicant should be allowed to make one application only; all applications for all beaches should close on the same day; a ballot should then be held for the allocation of sites; unsuccessful applicants should then be allowed to partake in a further ballot for sites not fully taken up after ballot on other beaches; after the ballot an auction with fixed up-set price should be held among the successful applicants for the right to occupy particular sites on the beach.

Charges

It was decided to recommend that, in addition to the premium to be paid for the site, an annual crown rent should also be charged and that every applicant for a site should lodge a fee of say \$250.00 which was NOT returnable, forming a building covenant would also be required.

It was considered that this procedure would go a long way to preventing frivolous applications and would tend to restrict applications to genuine and bona fide persons who would be prepared to construct a suitable building for which they would be granted ten years occupancy. It was also felt that it would assist in deterring undue trafficking in sites and would ensure that all those interested in obtaining individual sites for their own use would have equal opportunity with others. The committee also considered this would be a suitable method of obtaining revenue to offset capital and recurring costs involved in Government expenditure.

Director of Messrs. Metal Containers Ltd. which manufactures drums for Shell Oil Co. Mr. van Leer has been visiting factories in India, the Netherlands East Indies, China and South Africa.

Faced with the necessity for a lengthy business tour, he chartered a four-engine Sky-master in Amsterdam from K.L.M., Royal Dutch Airlines. He had the regular passenger facilities removed, and in a period of five days, installed two comfortable bedrooms, a lounge, a private office and a pantry, complete with built-in boiler and refrigerator.

That for the bare essentials, in addition to the above, the manufacturer equipped his flying quarters with air-conditioning and heating apparatus, a motion picture screen, a radio, phonograph and records, a complete library and a copious stock of food and drink. That, anyone would agree, is the way to travel.

No Worries

With hotel accommodation uncertain in most parts of the world, the 20th Century "Flying Dutchman" and his wife need not worry about advance

ture on the beaches and the provision of rafts, etc.

Tenure

It was further agreed to recommend that these private sites should be let for ten years in the first instance and that after this period the site and structures thereon should revert to Government for re-disposal, whereupon the original ten year lessee would have no more rights than any other person.

It is further recommended that all the ten year leases should expire on the same date, i.e. that any leases issued after the first list should be for such shorter period thus ensuring their expiry on the same date as the original ten year leases. This will enable policy to be reviewed after ten years time of the method of allocation and tenure.

The Committee considered that the ten year leases should not be transferable, but that in the case of death, the Crown should have the right to renew for the remaining period in favour of the deceased holder's family. In case of transfer, removal or retirement from the Colony, of the lessee the lease should be considered as terminated and the site and structures should be resumed by the Crown for re-disposal for the balance of the period of lease.

Size Of Site

It was considered that the area of each site for the erection of private huts should be reduced to a minimum so as to provide the accommodation for the maximum number of persons on a given area.

The design and construction of all private huts should be made subject to the approval of the Director of Public Works. The Committee's recommendation in respect of the individual beaches detailed in the First Schedule to the Pleasure Grounds and Bathing Places Registration Ordinance is as follows:—

Hong KongKennedy Town:—Substitute by swimming bath.
Telegraph Bay:—Not easily accessible, no public facilities to be provided.
Deep Water Bay:—Suitable for tents.Middle and South Beaches:—Private huts (ten years lease).
Stanley Bay:—Pavilion and tents; possibly also Government huts (daily hire).
Repulse Bay (Main):—Pavilion and tents; possibly also Government huts (daily hire).
Twined Bay:—Not available to public.Turtle Cove, Tytan:—Private huts (ten years lease).
Island Bay:—Tents.
Ragley Bay:—Tents.
Big Wave Bay:—Tents.
Big Chai Wan:—Not easily accessible, no public facilities to be provided.
Little Chai Wan:—Not easily accessible, no public facilities to be provided.
North Point:—Substitute by swimming bath.**Kowloon And New Territories**Tai Wan Bay:—Substitute by swimming bath.
Lung Chee Kok:—Substitute by swimming bath.
Castle Peak Road Beach:—

accommodations. They are free to stay at each port of call as long as they please, proceed when they will regardless of ship, rail and air schedules.

Piloting the "Twentieth," named for a Dutch province in which the K.L.M. director had been improved during the war, are B. Both and G.J. Schipper, both veteran flyers with the company. Other crew members include two mechanics, two wireless operators, a flight clerk, a steward and a cook. Hans Steiner, of Bern Switzerland, one of Europe's foremost photographers, is accompanying the Dutch couple on their unique world-hopping trip.

May Drop In

On the van Leer's itinerary are Cairo, Karachi, Singapore, Batavia, Hong Kong, Shanghai, Calcutta, Johannesburg, Lagos and London. The party may "drop over to America," one of the officers explained. The K.L.M. line is the world's oldest civil aviation company, having been established in 1919. Losing every plane during the German occupation, the line recently built up its service to pre-war standards with a fleet of 70 ships.

All except Cafeteria and maybe one other (to be decided after survey) for private huts (ten years lease).
Castle Peak Bay:—Private huts (ten years lease).
Cheung Chau Island:—No recommendation at present.
Junk Bay:—Not easily accessible, no public facilities to be provided.

Clear Water Bay Road Beaches:—Survey to be made. Cafeteria Beach (and one other):—Pavilion and tents; perhaps also Government huts, (for daily hire).

Survey

It is recommended that survey should be made of all New Territories beaches, especially those beaches served by the Clear Water Bay Road, in order to decide which would be the most suitable for the second "Pavilion" beach on the mainland, and also to list the beaches, including any new beaches, suitable for construction of huts for ten years lease and/or tents. It was considered that the possibility of opening up further beaches by the construction of connecting roads or paths should be investigated, in anticipation of the demand for more facilities for bathing.

It is also recommended that a survey should be made of all non-scheduled inlets and beaches on the island with a view to development to provide for additional private huts.

Control Of Beaches

The Committee recommend that the controlling body for bathing beaches should be the Urban Council. This control should extend to the New Territories, but the Council, where it deems fit, should have the power to delegate any or all functions to the District Officer, New Territories. The Municipal Council when these situated should take over these functions from the Urban Council. The Public Works Department would undertake the construction and maintenance of all buildings, etc.

After the Government buildings on beaches have been erected they should be handed over to the Urban Council, and it should be for consideration whether the Council should undertake their management or let them by tender for the season for management by suitable persons, taking

Students Go Haywire

Cairo, Apr. 14.

More than 100,000 Wafdist students staged a giant anti-government demonstration in the business section of Cairo today.

They began the demonstration in the midst of the procession for the funeral of Sabry Abou Alam Pasha, General Secretary of the Wafdist opposition party. They pushed through the streets shouting, "Revolution, revolution," as heavy police concentrations looked on but did not interfere.

Their shouts of "Down with Bevin and Nokrashi" began in the midst of cheering for the late leader who, as Senate opposition chief, had engaged negotiations with the British and charged that the plans for the British evacuation were "false."—United Press.

Lost Fliers Located

Manila, April 15.

The two members of the missing L-5 Piper Cub plane, which disappeared on Monday, April 7, from Nichols Field, were located yesterday afternoon, 13th Air Force Headquarters announced today.

Sergeant Thomas H. Harper, passenger of the plane which crashed 15 miles northwest of Tanay, met a ground search party yesterday morning after walking three days from the scene of the crash, looking for help. Harper left the injured pilot, 1st/Lt. Stanley J. Hillock, with the plane.

Hillock was reported to have suffered a fractured hip and fractured ribs. Harper suffered minor physical injuries. The "Manila Chronicle" reported that Harper walked 20 miles from the scene of the crash before he met a rescue party.

The men lived on fresh water alone, which they found near the scene of the wreck.—United Press.

GERMAN TIMBER FOR BRITAIN

Herford, Apr. 14.

More than 40,000 tons of timber—enough to build 6,850 houses—have been sent to Britain since last November as the result of "Operation Woodpecker," a scheme under which British troops cut down German forests for Britain's housing drive, a senior Staff Officer disclosed today.

The timber, whose total value is estimated at £133,000, is being taken as reparations to help to pay the cost of maintaining the Control Commission and the Rhine Army, the officer said. By the summer, it is estimated that 7,000 tons of timber will be sent to Britain each week.—Reuter.

Short Term Policy

The above represents our considered opinions in regard to the future use, development and control of bathing beaches generally, but it is realised that some period of time must elapse before the proposed schemes could be put into operation. The Committee is of the opinion that certain facilities should be provided in the interim period and it is suggested that this could best be done by letting out areas of beaches on contract to approved persons with permits to erect thereon a specified number of tents to be let out to individuals for the day, or by the hour, at fixed charges. The Committee also suggested that no member of the public should be given any individual permit to hold any part of a beach and that no building or re-building of match-sheds by private individuals be allowed until the new scheme suggested is put into operation.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.SHIPPING DEPARTMENT
10 Pedder Street
Tel. 30311.**General Managers.****INDO-CHINA S. N. CO., LTD.****SAILINGS**

S.S. "LOKSANG"	to Shanghai 4 p.m. 15th Apr.
S.S. "TAKSANG"	to Shanghai 4 p.m. 17th Apr.
S.S. "WOSANG"	to Shanghai 21st Apr.
S.S. "HINSANG"	to Sandakan 24th Apr.
S.S. "TAKSANG"	to Straits & Calcutta 2nd May
S.S. "KWAISANG"	to Straits & Calcutta 6th May

ARRIVALS

S.S. "TAKSANG"	from Calcutta & Straits 15th Apr.
S.S. "WOSANG"	from Keelung & Shanghai 18th Apr.
S.S. "HINSANG"	from Kobe (Japan) 20th Apr.
S.S. "KWAISANG"	from Calcutta & Straits 30th April

Cargo accepted on Through Bills of Lading for MADRAS via Singapore and for KUDAT, JESSELTON, LABUAN, TAWAU, LADHAD-DATU and SEMPORNA via Sandakan.

Subject to alteration without notice.

All intending Passengers are requested to register their names as far as possible in advance of the time at which they wish to travel.

Agents: GLEN LINE LTD.

S.S. "MARON"	Due Hong Kong from U.K. via Port Said and Straits early May.
M.V. "GLENAPI"	Due Hong Kong from Rotterdam, Antwerp and London via Port Said and Straits late May.

Managing Agents:**AUSTRALIA CHINA LINE**

M.V. "HINDUSTAN"	Loading Sydney, Melbourne, Adelaide and Whyalla for Shanghai and Hongkong due Mid May.
------------------	--

Agents: THE WESTERN CANADA STEAMSHIPS LTD.

S.S. "LAKE KOOTENAY"	Loads for Vancouver late April if sufficient indentment.
S.S. "LAKE SHAWNIGAN"	Due from Canada via Shanghai about 25th May. Loads for Canadian Pacific Ports about 27th May.

Pacific Transport Lines Inc.REGULAR SERVICE WITH FAST MODERN FREIGHTERS
BETWEEN PACIFIC COAST PORTS, SHANGHAI & HONGKONG
SPECIAL TANKS FOR BULK OIL CARGOES**S.S. "GREENVILLE VICTORY"**

Loaded Los Angeles and San Francisco for Yokohama, Shanghai, Hong Kong and Manila. Sailed from San Francisco 26th March. Due Hong Kong about 20th April. Loads for Manila and Pacific Coast about 21st April.

S.S. "NEW ZEALAND VICTORY"

Loaded Los Angeles and San Francisco for Manila, Hong Kong and Shanghai. Sailed San Francisco 17th March. Due Hong Kong about 25th April. Loads for Pacific Coast, via Shanghai about 26th April.

S.S. "CAPITAL VICTORY" Loading Los Angeles and San Francisco for Manila, Hong Kong, and Shanghai. Sailing from San Francisco about 15th April. Due Hong Kong about 12th May.
S.S. "PHILIPPINE TRANSPORT" Loading Columbia River, Los Angeles and San Francisco for Shanghai, Hong Kong, and Manila. Sailing from San Francisco about 28th April. Due Hong Kong end May.

FOR FULL PARTICULARS APPLY TO:—

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.10 Pedder Street. Telephone 30311.
CHINESE DEPT 31458**Peninsular & Oriental S. N. Co.****ARRIVALS**

SHIP	FROM	DUE
"SAMSOARING"	U.K.	26th April
"STRATHNAVER"	U.K.	27th April
"TREVELYAN"	U.K.	May
"TREVETHOE"	U.K.	May

British India S. N. Co., Ltd.

PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT TO STRAITS AND INDIA

Eastern & Australian S. S. Co., Ltd.**ARRIVALS**

SHIP	FROM	DUE
"NELLORE"	Australia & Manila	End April

SAILINGS

SHIP	TO	READY
"NELLORE"	Australia	End May

For full particulars apply to:—

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

Telephone Nos. 27721-4

BEN LINE STEAMERS LTD.**ARRIVALS**

SHIP	FROM	DUE
S.S. "SAMUR"	U.K.	15th April
S.S. "BENLAVERS"	U.K.	19th April
S.S. "SAMAFRIC"	U.K.	End April

SAILINGS

Loads for	Ready
S.S. "BENCRAVACHAN"	London, Antwerp, Rotterdam 18th April.
S.S. "BENLAVERS"	London, Antwerp, Rotterdam 23rd April.

Special Tanks available for carriage of oil in bulk.

For Further Particulars, Apply To:—

W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA) LTD.**Agents**

York Building. Telephone: 84105.

FOTOPRINT
CAMERAS
&
PHOTOGRAPHIC
SERVICES
7, D'Aguiar St., H.K.
9, Middle Rd., Kow.

CHINA MAIL

HONG KONG, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 16, 1947.

The Management takes pleasure in announcing that our studio is now under the Personal Direction of
GEORGE C. LAU
The well known Artist-Photographer of Distinctive Portraiture and Pictorial Photography.
ASIA STUDIO 10 Ice House Street.

BIG FIGHT AT HARRINGAY

Baseball Fireworks Expected

New York, Apr. 15. The 1947 major league campaign starting today is expected to produce the greatest baseball fireworks in many years. That is despite the fact that colourful Lippy Leo Durocher has been suspended for a year from his position as manager of the Brooklyn Dodgers. When Jackie Robinson trots out to his first base position for the Dodgers, he will be the first negro to play in major league since the beginning of the century. Twenty-two promising newcomers also will start their big careers today. Stunned by the banishment of Durocher by the Baseball Commissioner A. B. Chandler, last Wednesday, the Dodgers have found no replacement yet. Four new managers are starting out in other teams. Buckey Harris takes on a fifth team when he leads the Yankees against Philadelphia Athletics. Harold Ruel will start rebuilding Saint Louis Browns. Neun is opening at Cincinnati. The Yankees will be handicapped without Joe Dimaggio, their No. 1 hitter, who is recovering from a bone operation in the heel. The New York Giants suffered a serious blow to their hopes of a first division finish when Carroll Lockman, their highly promising centre fielder, broke his leg in an exhibition. Detroit's Tigers are slated to start without their power hitter Dick Wakefield, who pulled a muscle and will miss several games. Elbie Fletcher, Pittsburgh's first baseman, sprained an ankle. That caused Billy Herman to change his plan of sending Slugger Hank Greenberg to the left field. Associated Press.

BASEBALL GAME WASHED OUT

Washington, Apr. 14. A heavy downpour forced the postponement of the opening of the major league baseball game between the Washington Senators and the New York Yankees, a few minutes before President Truman was scheduled to throw the ceremonial first pitch. Ceremonies have been postponed until Friday. Meanwhile, other major league teams are scheduled to play openings tomorrow. United Press.

Playing at Caroline Hill yesterday afternoon, Sing Tao defeated South China by two clear goals. Tan Woon-cheung and Tang Yee-kit scored for Sing Tao.

Battle For Tennis Doubles Title

Hong Kong this afternoon at 5 o'clock will be treated to the spectacle of three young men and one veteran battling for supreme honours in the Colony Open Championship Doubles. The match will be the best, good opponents and expect the side to keep positionally sound and smooth-playing. However, today will see our first post-war doubles Champions crowned, after as close a match as anyone could hope to see. The Official Referee will be Mr. Denis G. Sherriff (Percy Smith & Co.). The 12 Officials selected to take charge of the proceedings are: Far side Linesmen, Messrs. McBride (Gov.) and the Rev. Mr. Weaver (Mission to Seamen). Service Centre Linesmen, Colonel Owen-Hughes (H. Wicking & Co. Ltd.) and Mr. B. C. Fay. (Police). Near Side Linesmen, Messrs. Bendall (Gov.) and Getz (Gov.) Linesmen, Messrs. A. Pearce (J. D. Hutchinson & Co. Ltd.) Foul-fault Judges, A. Base and Melrose (Sun Life). Service Linesmen, Messrs. M. Pagh (East Asiatic Co. Ltd.) and B. T. McC. Jones (B.O.A.C.). Net Umpire, E. L. H. Glennie (Hong Kong & Shanghai Bank) Umpire, Major C. W. L. Way, Hon. Secretary, (Hong Kong Club).

Baksi Favoured To Beat Woodcock

London, Apr. 15. Joe Baksi and Bruce Woodcock will climb through the ropes before 10,500 fans at London's Harringay Arena tonight for their long-awaited ten-round heavyweight fight—regarded by virtually everyone except Baksi and Woodcock as the final eliminator to decide Joe Louis' June opponent. Bookmakers made Baksi the 5-4 favourite 30 hours before the opening gong.

Promoter Jack Solomons said that Harringay had been sold out for nine weeks. The ticket prices ranged from one guinea (US\$4.20) to 20 guineas (US\$84) for 800 ringside seats. The weigh-in is scheduled for 1200 GMT today. Baksi is expected to weigh around 211 pounds and Woodcock around 183, sparring the American a 22-pound weight advantage. Baksi planned to remain in his Brighton training camp on the English Channel until this morning arriving at Solomons' gym just off Piccadilly circus in time for the weigh in. Woodcock checked out of his stable left gym this morning and entrained for London with his brother Billy and several Yorkshire friends. His former railroad gang workmates cheered him off from Doncaster station.

Wife To Stay Home
Nora, wife of newly-wed Baksi, decided to stay at home and listen to the broadcast of the fight with Bruce's mother. Baksi's wife, 21-year-old Anne, also will listen to the BBC version from her West End hotel home. A boxing widow for four weeks, she has not been permitted to see or phone Baksi. Both fighters reported themselves 100 per cent fit. Baksi knocked out four sparring partners in the final heavy workouts on Saturday. Woodcock, who has trained in secret behind closed stable doors, was reported faster and sharper than ever before. The referee will be the 60-year-old British veteran, Moss De Young.

Nate Wolfson, who earlier objected to De Young's appointment, agreed to him after a meeting with the British Boxing Board of Control where Charles Donmall, the chairman, assured Wolfson that the Board would assume full responsibility for a fair decision. **Louis Next**
Nat Rogers, matchmaker for Mike Jacobs, said he will attempt to talk the winner into a meeting with Louis in June and he is prepared to offer \$150,000 as the challenger's share. Colonel Edward P. F. Egan, chairman of the New York

Contrasting styles
London, Apr. 14. A battle of contrasting styles is anticipated when Bruce Woodcock, Britain's best heavyweight prospect since Bob Fitz Simons, meets ponderous Joe Baksi, the American giant, over ten rounds at the Harringay Arena. Not since Tommy Farr went 15 rounds with Joe Louis in 1937 has a heavyweight fight so captured the imagination of the public on both sides of the Atlantic as the fight is generally considered the final eliminator for the world title bout with Louis of June 26.

Woodcock's chances of victory lay in his ability to box at long range. He has a beautiful left hand, which carries a powerful punch, coupled with devastating right. If he can keep Baksi at distance length for at least half the distance before turning on the heat, he should win. Although Americans think that the winner will meet Louis in June—and a representative will be at the ringside to sign him for a purse of US\$150,000—neither man is likely to sign. Baksi has stated his intention of taking a holiday and intimidating his willingness to stay behind for a return contest if warranted and Woodcock's manager says he is prepared to wait until 1948. By that time, of course, Louis will be a year older and likely to lose some of his speed and punching ability. The American promises of glittering cash rewards are unlikely to sway Woodcock and his shrewd handlers. "We want the world championship but we can wait for it," says Tom Hurst, Woodcock's manager.—Reuter.

Five Rules For Avoiding Cholera

In any respectable community everyone using that water is liable to get cholera. In this connection it is well to point out that washing dishes and utensils in such water may be quite as dangerous as drinking it. In China few people drink cold water and thereby much sickness is avoided but many people wash their bowls and chopsticks in cold water and cholera germs have been found in the water used for that purpose by street hawkers of cooked food. **Fly Menace**
Another potent source of infection in Hong Kong is the fly. These filthy little insects get themselves thoroughly contaminated with infected material and then walk freely over food for human consumption. They leave sweet sticky food best, such as sugarcane, cut fruit, fruit juices, and the icing on cakes, ice-cream, etc. and have by-laws and regulations controlling the sale and preparation of these as a result, but they settle on and foul any food if given the chance. Always be on your guard against flies and keep your dust-bin covered. Fortunately it is not too difficult to avoid the risk of contamination by observing a few simple rules. First, Drink only boiled water and eat only freshly cooked food prepared and served in a clean manner. Second, Use boiled water to wash dishes, etc. or else soak them in water to which some disinfectant of lime has been added.

Saigon Football XI Here

The Saigon football team arrived in the Colony yesterday by air. With Chung a somewhat unexpectedly and an urgent meeting of the Interport sub-committee of the Hong Kong Football Association was held in the evening. It was decided that three games be played as follows:—Friday, April 18—Saigon versus Combined Services at 5.30 p.m. Sunday, April 20—Saigon v Hong Kong (Interport) at 5 p.m. Wednesday, April 23—Saigon versus Combined Chinese at 5.30 p.m. It was also decided that in the event of the Interport game ending in a draw extra time will be played. All the games will be played at the Navy ground, Causeway Bay. Prices of admission are \$5, \$3.50, \$2.40 and \$1.50 for the Services.

“Bruce Will Win”
Statements on the eve of the fight were: Woodcock: “I feel fine. I’ll do my best with both hands.” Baksi: “This fight means everything to me and I’m going to try awful hard. I’ll go in punching at the bell and try to win as quickly as possible.” Tom Hurst, Woodcock's manager: “Bruce will win. Some of the job's comforts are due for a shock.” Wolfson: “Baksi—decisively.”—United Press.

FATHER TITO TO BE HANGED

Bratislava, Apr. 15. The Slovak national court today sentenced Fr. Josef Tito, 59, Catholic priest and ex-President of the Slovak wartime republic, to death by hanging. The court also sentenced Ferdinand Durcansky, former Foreign Minister of the Slovak Republic, to death in absentia.—United Press.

DE BRINON SHOT

Paris, Apr. 15. Ferdinand de Brinon, Vichy Ambassador in Paris during the German occupation, was executed by a firing squad at Port de Mont Rouge near Paris today. He was sentenced to death by the Versailles High Court on a charge of intelligence with the enemy.—Reuter.

Deputies Put Under Arrest

Paris, April 14. Three members of the French Parliament from Madagascar, home of revolution, were arrested on Monday, according to a French Press Agency dispatch from the troubled colony. The arrests brought to five the total of deputies and councillors of the Republic imprisoned for taking part in the recent nationalist uprisings. Two deputies, Joseph Rawohangy and Jacques Rebemmanjara, were seized in the capital of Tananarive, a third member was held in Diego Suarez, on the northernmost tip of the island.

Money Market

First reaction to Government's latest restriction on dealings in U.S. dollar notes was sharp drop in the black market rate which from \$4.82 the day before, fell yesterday to \$4.50. It had been the practice for importers, who were unable to secure official exchange allocation, to buy these notes and surrender them to the Banks to finance imports from the United States. By Government's latest order to exchange Banks, this practice is no longer possible. Prices of Sterling and Australian notes were not affected. Yesterday's closing quotations were \$14.50 and \$12.52, respectively.

Deputies Put Under Arrest

Paris, April 14. Three members of the French Parliament from Madagascar, home of revolution, were arrested on Monday, according to a French Press Agency dispatch from the troubled colony. The arrests brought to five the total of deputies and councillors of the Republic imprisoned for taking part in the recent nationalist uprisings. Two deputies, Joseph Rawohangy and Jacques Rebemmanjara, were seized in the capital of Tananarive, a third member was held in Diego Suarez, on the northernmost tip of the island.

All of the Parliamentarians were elected to office under the Constitution of the Fourth Republic. French authorities gave no explanation of how the arrests were made without paying attention to Parliamentary immunity.—United Press.

Money Market

First reaction to Government's latest restriction on dealings in U.S. dollar notes was sharp drop in the black market rate which from \$4.82 the day before, fell yesterday to \$4.50. It had been the practice for importers, who were unable to secure official exchange allocation, to buy these notes and surrender them to the Banks to finance imports from the United States. By Government's latest order to exchange Banks, this practice is no longer possible. Prices of Sterling and Australian notes were not affected. Yesterday's closing quotations were \$14.50 and \$12.52, respectively.

Deputies Put Under Arrest

Paris, April 14. Three members of the French Parliament from Madagascar, home of revolution, were arrested on Monday, according to a French Press Agency dispatch from the troubled colony. The arrests brought to five the total of deputies and councillors of the Republic imprisoned for taking part in the recent nationalist uprisings. Two deputies, Joseph Rawohangy and Jacques Rebemmanjara, were seized in the capital of Tananarive, a third member was held in Diego Suarez, on the northernmost tip of the island.

Deputies Put Under Arrest

Paris, April 14. Three members of the French Parliament from Madagascar, home of revolution, were arrested on Monday, according to a French Press Agency dispatch from the troubled colony. The arrests brought to five the total of deputies and councillors of the Republic imprisoned for taking part in the recent nationalist uprisings. Two deputies, Joseph Rawohangy and Jacques Rebemmanjara, were seized in the capital of Tananarive, a third member was held in Diego Suarez, on the northernmost tip of the island.

Deputies Put Under Arrest

Paris, April 14. Three members of the French Parliament from Madagascar, home of revolution, were arrested on Monday, according to a French Press Agency dispatch from the troubled colony. The arrests brought to five the total of deputies and councillors of the Republic imprisoned for taking part in the recent nationalist uprisings. Two deputies, Joseph Rawohangy and Jacques Rebemmanjara, were seized in the capital of Tananarive, a third member was held in Diego Suarez, on the northernmost tip of the island.

Deputies Put Under Arrest

Paris, April 14. Three members of the French Parliament from Madagascar, home of revolution, were arrested on Monday, according to a French Press Agency dispatch from the troubled colony. The arrests brought to five the total of deputies and councillors of the Republic imprisoned for taking part in the recent nationalist uprisings. Two deputies, Joseph Rawohangy and Jacques Rebemmanjara, were seized in the capital of Tananarive, a third member was held in Diego Suarez, on the northernmost tip of the island.

Deputies Put Under Arrest

Paris, April 14. Three members of the French Parliament from Madagascar, home of revolution, were arrested on Monday, according to a French Press Agency dispatch from the troubled colony. The arrests brought to five the total of deputies and councillors of the Republic imprisoned for taking part in the recent nationalist uprisings. Two deputies, Joseph Rawohangy and Jacques Rebemmanjara, were seized in the capital of Tananarive, a third member was held in Diego Suarez, on the northernmost tip of the island.

Deputies Put Under Arrest

Paris, April 14. Three members of the French Parliament from Madagascar, home of revolution, were arrested on Monday, according to a French Press Agency dispatch from the troubled colony. The arrests brought to five the total of deputies and councillors of the Republic imprisoned for taking part in the recent nationalist uprisings. Two deputies, Joseph Rawohangy and Jacques Rebemmanjara, were seized in the capital of Tananarive, a third member was held in Diego Suarez, on the northernmost tip of the island.

Deputies Put Under Arrest

Paris, April 14. Three members of the French Parliament from Madagascar, home of revolution, were arrested on Monday, according to a French Press Agency dispatch from the troubled colony. The arrests brought to five the total of deputies and councillors of the Republic imprisoned for taking part in the recent nationalist uprisings. Two deputies, Joseph Rawohangy and Jacques Rebemmanjara, were seized in the capital of Tananarive, a third member was held in Diego Suarez, on the northernmost tip of the island.

Deputies Put Under Arrest

Paris, April 14. Three members of the French Parliament from Madagascar, home of revolution, were arrested on Monday, according to a French Press Agency dispatch from the troubled colony. The arrests brought to five the total of deputies and councillors of the Republic imprisoned for taking part in the recent nationalist uprisings. Two deputies, Joseph Rawohangy and Jacques Rebemmanjara, were seized in the capital of Tananarive, a third member was held in Diego Suarez, on the northernmost tip of the island.

Puisse Judge Refuses Policemen's Appeal

"The law takes a serious view of cases of betrayal of trust" said Mr. Justice Williams. Puisne Judge, at the Supreme Court yesterday when refusing an appeal brought by three former Dockyard Policemen, Ilam Din, Mohamed Shuffy and Ali Sher, against the sentence imposed on them by Mr. Latimer, Kowloon Magistrate.

The appellants were sentenced to two years' imprisonment by Mr. Latimer at Kowloon on Feb. 24. The first two appellants were convicted of attempted larceny of stores at the Naval Dockyard. The appellants based their appeal on the ground that the sentence of the Magistrate was too severe and stressed the fact that several Chinese coolies who were convicted at the same time were only fined \$50. In upholding the decision of the Magistrate, Mr. Justice Williams informed the appellants that their sentences would commence from the date of their respective arrests.

Mr. A. J. Clifford, who appeared for the Crown, said that the only point of importance raised by the appellants in their appeal was the difference between the sentences imposed on them and that on the coolies. Mr. Clifford submitted that in view of the obvious justice of the sentences, there was no ground for the appeal. The appellants were in a position of trust and had been conspiring for some time before hand and had deliberately planned the larceny. Although they were in very good position to clear up what was a major case of corruption in the Dockyard, they did not do anything whatsoever to reveal the plot. Instead, they shielded other persons involved. As regards the coolies, they were ignorant persons who were called in at the last moment to assist in the commission of an offence which would not have been possible without the co-operation of the Dockyard Police.

Bernard Newman To Lecture In H.K.

(By Margaret Bradbury) In Hong Kong this week, and paying his first visit to the Colony as part of an official lecture tour to the forces overseas, is 49-years-old Mr. Bernard Newman—author, lecturer, traveller and commentator. In an interview yesterday Mr. Newman, who has so far completed more than 50 novels, told me: "My impressions of Hong Kong are very favourable. After arriving here via Singapore I cannot help commenting on the obviously better job of rehabilitation that has been done in Hong Kong. When I publish my next book in the 'Journées Series' I intend to include a chapter on life as I see it here to-day."

Mr. Newman, who left England by air at the end of last month spoke of conditions at home now and said: "The snow and flood has put Britain's export programme back for two or three months. As far as the confidence of the majority of the British people in the present Government was concerned he said: "If we had a general election to-day the Labour Government would still triumph though not perhaps with such a large majority as before. There has been a great deal of talk about Coalition again. In my opinion this is not at all likely to happen."

Mr. Newman has a programme of lectures this week which include talks at the Rotary Club, 'The H'; and the Star Theatre (on Thursday evening) and Helena May Institute (at 5.30 on Friday evening). The general public will be admitted to these last two lectures which will deal with the Middle East and travel.

Mr. Newman is a man with a great deal of travelling experience and has visited every country in Europe and many in Africa, Asia and America. He was a member of the Italian Mussolini, lived with Balkan gypsies, and toured as a strong man in a Police circle. He said yesterday: "During the last seven years, I have given about 3,000 lectures and my audiences have included Red Indian tribes, public schools, and British, American, French, Dutch, Belgian and Polish armed forces."

Mr. Newman's war history includes the fact that he was the first lecturer to be sent out to the B.E.F. in 1939; later he was transferred to the French army. When the war ended he returned to the Continent and visited several spots in Eastern Europe, making broadcasts. —about a teaspoonful to every pint of water.

Third, Avoid eating uncooked vegetables unless you know how and where they have been grown and are certain that they have been thoroughly washed, and never buy cut or damaged fruit or vegetables and mussels that have been collected from the harbour waters.

Fourth, Wage constant war against flies and protect all your food from contamination by suitable screening and covers. Finally, get yourself inoculated every three months in the cholera season if there is any cholera around, just in case a dose of germs slips past your guard, so that you may receive such protection as this inoculation may afford.

Mr. Newman's war history includes the fact that he was the first lecturer to be sent out to the B.E.F. in 1939; later he was transferred to the French army. When the war ended he returned to the Continent and visited several spots in Eastern Europe, making broadcasts. —about a teaspoonful to every pint of water.

Third, Avoid eating uncooked vegetables unless you know how and where they have been grown and are certain that they have been thoroughly washed, and never buy cut or damaged fruit or vegetables and mussels that have been collected from the harbour waters.

Fourth, Wage constant war against flies and protect all your food from contamination by suitable screening and covers. Finally, get yourself inoculated every three months in the cholera season if there is any cholera around, just in case a dose of germs slips past your guard, so that you may receive such protection as this inoculation may afford.

Mr. Newman's war history includes the fact that he was the first lecturer to be sent out to the B.E.F. in 1939; later he was transferred to the French army. When the war ended he returned to the Continent and visited several spots in Eastern Europe, making broadcasts. —about a teaspoonful to every pint of water.

Printed and published for the proprietors, The Newpaper Enterprise, Limited, by WALTER JAMES KEENE, Windsor House, Hong Kong.